LECTIC DISPENSARY
3te, Portland, Oregon
AN WITHOUT THE USE OF
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FEMALES
om Weakness, General Debility
functional diseases relief can be
cases a Cure Warranted
REGULATORS
ills, to regulate Suppressed, Men-
mail to any address on receipt of
who are troubled with the above
lief Address DR C G GLASS
1 Front streets, Portland Oregon.
1 A M to 4 P M and 7 to 9 P M.
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ARITY WHICH THE
BITTERS!
has induced certain jealous parties
ht to cover up the Posters of these
their own through the city:
is act the stooping attitude of a
ARS NO COMPETITION
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hon's Dispensary.

the pleasure of announcing that he
visiting the principal Hospitals of
ined practice at his Dispensary, 622
of Commercial, San Francisco,
and is now receiving his services
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are tradesmen and business men
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in to it Look at the Directory
the only way to avoid imposition is
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not there is no safety in trusting
who and what they are
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tended patients' letters and Dr.
who may call at his office and
ases that he proposes to cure.
GOLDSON, 626 Kearney street, San
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$33 CHANCES.
Notice.
THE HAMILTON BREWING
Brewing and R. Yost in the busi-
as Portland Sausage Factory"
mutual consent.
to collect all bills due the firm and
the same. Said dissolution to
1st, 1872.
PHILIP HORNING,
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ey at Law,
DONVILLE, OREGON
THIS WINTER IN WASHING-
Agent for procuring bounties, pre-
ite money, pay for horses, steam-
ty lost or destroyed while in the
States, or in Oregon and Washing-
Indian wars, and
or supplies furnished to the
prosecution of claims of all kinds
Ordnance and Quartermasters'
certificates of non-indebtedness
officers.
correspond with those who are en-
gage in obtaining such claims and
against the United States. I will
forms and instructions, and keep
s and decisions relating to claims.
claims will be but one-half the fees
f Congress officers of the Govern-
have resided in Oregon or Wash
twenty years
H F DOWELL
Washington D C
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OOMS,
RKE AND FIRST STREETS,
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Morning Oregonian.

VOL XII. PORTLAND, OREGON FRIDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 9, 1872 NO. 5.

The Daily Oregonian.

HENRY L. PITTOCK, Proprietor.

THE DAILY MORNING OREGONIAN is published every morning, except Sunday, and delivered by carriers to subscribers in Portland at 25 cents a week Single copies, 10 cents By Mail or Express, to any part of the State at $10 per annum in advance; $6 for six months; $3 for three months.

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Our Legal experience in Chicago for a number of years in Girard Practice, and in examining Titles especially, renders us believe that we can make Collections, Negotiate Loans on Real Estate Security, and Purchase Lands for Eastern clients, with safety and advantage, and on reasonable terms.

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Nov 7 L. Hiot, Portland, Oregon. ja12d2awGw

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WILL FURNISH PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS AND Working Drawings for all classes of buildings. Will Superintend the Erection of Buildings when desired. All Drawings Guaranteed to BE CORRECT CHARGES REASONABLE. jl24tf

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HENRY RHODES,
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PORTLAND, OREGON
HAS FOR SALE AT THE LOWEST RATES AN assortment of
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MINERS' GOODS,
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Would invite particular attention of buyers of Builders Hardware and House Trimmings, either at WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.
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Saddle Horses kept for the worst part of the road in connecting with the Stages Also Wagons expressly for freight and Baggage running Regular Three Times a week For further particulars inquire of QUIMBY & PERKINS American Exchange Hotel, Portland or of

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ja15dtf

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Banking & Exchange
DEPARTMENT,
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We also draw direct on London Dublin Paris, and will furnish exchange on other prominent cities in Europe, Australia, South America and China.

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THE BANK
OF
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Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Paid up Capital.....$1,562,500.
WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO
$10,000,000.
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AGENCIES,
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Exchange for sale on
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INTEREST ALLOWED on TIME DEPOSITS at the rate of SIX (6) PER CENT PER ANNUM for periods of three months and upwards

Approved Bills discounted or Collected. Loans made on available collaterals

jy14dtf EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager.

LADD & TILTON,
BANKERS,
PORTLAND, OREGON
ESTABLISHED, 1859.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND ACCOUNTS KEPT subject to Check or Draft

INTEREST allowed on TIME DEPOSITS or TRUST FUNDS in sums of One Dollar and upwards from Date of Deposit.

MONEY LOANED on approved Security.

BONDS, STOCKS and other valuables received on Deposit for safe keeping.

COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted

INVESTMENTS in Real Estate and other property made for parties.

SIGHT and Telegraphic Exchange on San Francisco and the Atlantic States for sale.

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AGENTS for the transaction of all kinds of Financial and Trust Business.

Fire Insurance.

UNION INSURANCE COMPANY
OF SAN FRANCISCO

THE ASSESSMENT WHICH WAS LEVIED by this Company to provide for Losses Incurred by

THE GREAT CHICAGO FIRE

HAS BEEN PAID IN FULL

FOUR HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS HAVE BEEN REMITTED FOR SETTLEMENT OF CHICAGO LOSSES, WHICH HAVE BEEN ADJUSTED PROMPTLY, AND PAID DOLLAR FOR DOLLAR

It is the policy of the Company to meet its obligations honorably, and it solicits the patronage of the public who desire to insure where they can obtain SOLID SECURITY AND FAIR DEALING.

Principal Office for Oregon,
NO 91 FIRST STREET
HENRY FAILING, Resident Director
EDWIN D. BACKENSTOS, General Agent.

River Steamers.

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO'S
NOTICE!

BOATS OF THE COMPANY WILL leave Portland as follows

FOR DALLES—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 o clock A M

FOR ASTORIA—Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 o'clock A M.

FOR MONTICELLO—Daily at 7½ o'clock A M

n17dtf J O AINSWORTH President

WILLAMETTE TRANSPORTATION
COMPANY.

FROM AND AFTER JANUARY 20TH UNTIL further notice, the Steamers

SENATOR & E. N. COOKE,

Leave the Dock foot of A street daily (except Sunday) at 6½ o clock A M and 2 o clock P M, connecting at Oregon City with the

Str. FANNIE PATTON,

Monday and Thursday Mornings, for CORVALLIS AND INTERMEDIATE PLACES.

Also connecting with the

STR. DAYTON,

For Lafayette and Intermediate Places, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, Mornings.

For information as to Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front streets Room No 3 d18dtf J. D. BILES, Agent.

Railroads.

NOTICE.
THE OREGON CENTRAL R. R. CO.

WILL, ON AND AFTER MONDAY JANUARY 29th, run a DAILY

FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN from

PORTLAND TO CORNELIUS,

Leaving Cor Fourth and Stark Sts at 5 P M Leave Cornelius at 7 A M

OUT FREIGHT received for the present at the Portland Warehouse & Dock Co's Wharf IN FREIGHT delivered to Consignees. WM H LOTHER, Supt
H A JEROME, Gen'l Ag't, Portland ja30dtf

OREGON & CALIFORNIA R. R. CO.
NO. 15. TIME SCHEDULE NO. 15.

TO TAKE EFFECT WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1871, at 4.30 A M—for the government and information of employes only; the Company reserve the right to vary therefrom as circumstances may require. Daily Trains will run between

PORTLAND AND EUGENE
AS FOLLOWS.

Portland	1.00 P M.	Eugene	8 30 P.M
Eugene.	4 30 A M.	Portland	11.45 A M.

Freight Trains (with Passengers Cars attached) will run between

PORTLAND AND ALBANY
as follows

Leave Portland at 6 30 A M on Monday Wednesday and Friday arriving at Albany at 5.17 P M

Leave Albany at 8 42 A. M on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, arriving at Portland at 4 30 P. M.

Oregon & California R R. Ferry makes connection with all Regular Trains

Trains No 7 and 8 are Freight Trains and do not carry passengers

Close connections are made at WOODLNE with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company

Tickets for sale over the Stage Line to the below given points

IN OREGON—Oakland, Roseburg Jacksonville
IN CALIFORNIA—Yreka Buttonville, Soda Springs Sacramento Ferry, Pitt River, Red Bluff, Tehama, Shasta, Callahan's Ranch, Fort Jones

Tickets for sale at Company's Office, Cor. F and Front sts., at the Ferry Landing, Portland.

Storage will be charged on all freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours, except when through Bills of Lading are given

Freight will not be Received for Shipment after 5 o'clock P. M.

H THIELSEN, Gen' Supt
J C HILBRETH, Asst. Supt.
E P ROGERS, Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent
s29dtf

THE CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND
PACIFIC RAILROAD.
OF SAN FRANCISCO
The Great Central Iowa Short Line
OVERLAND ROUTE,
With its Connections East and West, is the
Shortest, Quickest and Best Route
BETWEEN THE
Pacific and Atlantic,
VIA
Des Moines, Rock Island and Chicago

THE ONLY ROUTE CARRYING THE THROUGH OVERLAND LETTER MAILS making close and reliable connections at OMAHA with trains arriving from the West by

THE CENTRAL AND UNION PACIFIC RAILROADS, AND AT CHICAGO
With all FAST EXPRESS TRAINS East, North & South

The most Elegantly Furnished PARLOR SLEEPING CARS ever used on any Railroad are now built, owned, and run by this Co. between Omaha and Chicago.

Through Tickets to all points East can be obtained at OREGON & CALIFORNIA R R OFFICE, Portland Oregon, At COMPANY'S OFFICE, 208 Montgomery Street, San Francisco and at C P R R offices in San Francisco and Sacramento

Be Sure Your Tickets Read via Rock Island

A. M. SMITH, General Passenger Agent, Chicago
HUGH RIDDLE, Gen'l Sup't, Chicago.
A. L. WAIT, Gen'l Ag't for Pacific States, San Francisco.
se21dtf

IRON AND STEEL
WIRE ROPE,
FLAT AND ROUND,

FOR HOISTING FROM MINING SHAFTS AND Inclines Ferry Ropes Guy Ropes For Transmitting Power, etc

MANUFACTURED OF ANY LENGTH OR SIZE

Wire Rope is much Cheaper, Lighter and more durable than any other kind Rope.

Hallidie's Endless Wire Rope Way,
(WIRE TRAMWAY),

For the rapid and economical transportation of Ores and other materials over mountainous and difficult roads (Secured by U S Patent). Also,

PATENT GRIP PULLEY,

For Transmitting Power and by which the Rope is main jured and cannot slip.

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WIRE & W. R. MANF'G CO.
(OF CALIFORNIA.)

All kinds and sizes of Wire, constantly on hand and manufactured to order

A. S. HALLIDIE,
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ADAM'S BIER HALLE!
Cor. Oak and First Streets.
Pigeon-hole Table.
THE BEST ON THE COAST
LAGER BIER FIVE CENTS A GLASS
THE BEST OLD ENGLISH PORTER.
All kinds of Delicacies by the Plate ever, the BEST BRANDS OF LIQUORS and CIGARS always found at the Bar
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By Overland Telegraph.

[DISPATCHES TO THE OREGONIAN]

EASTERN DATES TO FEB 7.

EASTERN STATES

Fire at Oil City Penn —West Virginia Affairs.

CINCINNATI, Feb 7 —The fire in Oil City yesterday destroyed the National Hotel, Taylor House, Oil Exchange, branch office of the Western Union Telegraph Company, Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph, and two or three other buildings The loss is estimated at $50,000, partially insured The fire was caused by a lamp explosion

The Constitutional Convention at Charleston, West Virginia, held a lengthy and exciting session yesterday, the Capital moving question being argued A proposition to leave it to a vote of the people was referred to a committee of three from each District

The Custom House Investigation.

NEW YORK Feb 6—In the Custom House Investigation to day, A. C Beatty, late detective, testified that Col Whiteley, chief of the service and also inspector of customs, after seizing ten thousand dollars worth of smuggled diamonds, paid duties and sold them to his men, witness himself buying eight small ones for thirty five dollars When cigars were seized by Col Whiteley the police and reporters helped themselves Witness mentioned several instances in which lots of forty and fifty thousand cigars seized were never accounted for Also a case where two casks of Scotch whisky, seized and taken to Whiteley's office, suddenly disappeared The smuggler was never prosecuted Whitely sent large quantities of seized cigars to the Treasury Department at Washington, to Banfield and clerks, and that detectives were in the habit of arresting people without authority and took them before the Commissioner and got authority thereafter Settlement of the case was made at the District Attorney's office

10 P M—At the evening session of the Custom House Committee, one Boigmir testified that he had been appointed weigher by Murphy, with the understanding that he would not be required to do duty, but was merely wanted for political effect.

New York News

NEW YORK, Feb 6.—An indictment has been found against Mayor Hall, charging him with signing warrants for fraudulent bills of Garvey and Ingersol

George Vanneck, formerly a Lieutenant in the British army, lately employed on the New York *Herald*, committed suicide at the Hoffman House this morning.

Two warrants on Hall are not yet served, he having kept away from the city, but it is expected that he will surrender himself this afternoon. A number of the city laborers were paid to day.

The steamship *South America*, from Rio Janeiro on January 24th, has arrived, and reports that the steamer *Hassler*, with Professor Agassis and party, left Pernambuco for Rio, in company with the frigate *Teconderoga*, on the 16th.

Investigations commenced to day in the case of State Insurance Superintendent Miller, by a legislative committee. Several officers of the [illegible] were examined Nothing implicating the integrity and uprightness of Miller was elicited.

It is stated that Tweed, Sweeney, Hugh Smith, Hank Smith, and other ring leaders had a long conference at Tweed's office to day

Judge Blatchford has decided that Mrs. Fisk can succeed her late husband as plaintiff in the case of the Union Pacific Railroad Co., credit Mobilier and others, simply by filing a proper petition

President Orton of the Western Union Telegraph Company, to day sent a dispatch to the chairman of the Congressional Washington Committee, at New Orleans, calling his attention to the statement of Gov Warmouth in a communication to Gen Emory reflecting upon the conduct of the telegraph officers at New Orleans, charging them with delaying dispatches, being in accord with the revolutionists, etc He asks the committee to fully investigate the matter, in order that the persons in connection with the telegraph company may be discovered, exposed and punished, or that groundless slanders may be publicly refuted.

Prejudiced Testimony in the Custom House Investigation.

NEW YORK, Feb 7—The man Beatty, who testified before the Custom House Committee yesterday concerning Col Whiteley, was formerly an employee of Whiteley's but dismissed He subsequently tried to implicate Whiteley in smuggling transactions, but failed Since the investigation commenced, much testimony of prejudiced parties has been presented Whiteley's commission as U S Customs Inspector was given him at the request of the Treasury Department to enable him to make arrests

Connecticut Politics.

NEW HAVEN, CONN, Feb 6—The Democratic State Convention to day nominated Richard Hubbard, of Hartford, for Governor by acclamation The Convention adopted resolutions recognising late amendments to the Constitution as deserving the support of all good citizens, demanding equal suffrage, universal amnesty, genuine reform, a tariff with no discrimination for monopolists, denouncing the abuse of Government patronage for partisan purposes, and thanking Senators Sumner and Schurz for their manifestations of denouncing centralization, the growing encroachments of Executive power and any repudiation of the national debt. They sympathize with the Cubans, condemn their oppressors, favor a liberal system of free schools and oppose the interference of Government with the system It endorses Governor English's administration and pledges support to Hubbard Following is the full ticket. Governor, Richard D Hubbard, of Hartford, Lieut Governor, Chas Atwater, of New Haven, Secretary of State, John W Stedman, of Norwalk, Treasurer, Milo B Richardson, of Salsbury, Controller, Thos Sanford, of Reading Delegates to the National Convention for the State at large, A E Burr, Chas R Engerroll, Daniel Daniels and W H Barnum

Another Railroad Massacre

CHICAGO, Feb 7—A fearful accident is reported this morning on the Rock Island and St Louis Railroad, near Alton, Illinois Two passenger trains collided, ten passengers being killed outright and forty wounded The cars caught fire and five passengers were burned to death No further particulars received

CALIFORNIA.

From San Francisco

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb 7—The Stock Exchange to day raised all officers' salaries, the Sergeant at arms to $200, and the others in proportion

The remains of the late J H Reynolds were brought here from San Jose to day for interment The funeral will take place to morrow at 11 o'clock from St Mary's Cathedral

The excitement in the stock market to day exceeds anything Relative prices are higher than ever before known at the money board

The old board of officers were re elected No means candidates are in the field for the appointment of Fire Commissioner once J H Reynolds, who died yesterday. Some of them, with patriotic alacrity, commenced working for the appointment as soon as his physicians announced that his case was hopeless

The decision of the Supreme Court, giving Mrs Fair a new trial, is condemned by many of the leading lawyers of San Francisco, and unfavorably commented upon by a large portion of the public

Coming in—British ship *John Lovett* from Passcana, sugar to Furstein & Co British ship *Record*, 147 days from Hongkong, tea to Macondray & Co

There is a fresh excitement in the stock market, Savage being the disturbing cause Quite a number of shares were sold on the street commencing at 23c and closing at 27c

Here is something very like the classic 'd—n Yankee!' Governor Woods' veto of the Utah admission bill excited greatly the ire of the Mormons George Q Cannon, member of the Territorial Council, said that the ignorance of the veto message was only equaled by its impudence If he had a boy twelve years old who could not write a better document, he would cuff his ears A motion was finally made and carried that the veto should not be spread upon the minutes

SHORT PARAGRAPHS

COX of New York, having said that a certain measure was proposed by the Republicans in order to carry the next Presidential election, Butler, of Massachusetts, said it was then very clear that it ought to pass

People of California are learning to make small change The Marysville *Standard* says We saw recently at the office of the Railroad Company a peck or less of nickel cents The Company is obliged to have them, as they make exact change For sample, if your freight bill is $4 91, you receive in change a silver five cent piece and four nickel cents

A California paper observes that if Vanderbilt gets control of the Union Pacific, he will keep the road open by a simple expedient. He will resort to his old tactics of giving his passengers nothing to eat by the way, so that it will be simply, when snow drifts are encountered, shovel or starve, and the chances are that all hands will set to work and the train will come through somehow

A Yale freshman writes home "Went to recitation first time Tuesday, and on the way caught up with a young fellow, who, in answer to my inquiry, said he was going to the same recitation I was It seemed queer that so young a boy should have entered college He asked me if I had looked at my lesson, and I said "No," with a laugh He laughed too When the recitation began, I noticed the fellow was conducting it"

The New York book publishers are again agitating and discussing the question of international copyright In times gone by when we were entirely dependent upon England for our literature, and an American author was a being comparatively unknown, the publishers of this country did not favor a measure that would compel payment for that which they were habitually getting for nothing Now, however, the tables are turned, and interest comes to the aid of justice, and the establishment of a system of international copyright is only a question of time

Indian Policy.

General Custer, whose experience of Indian life is considerable, and whose opinions on the subject are valuable, has recently given his views in an article in an Eastern magazine, of which the following is an extract General Custer's experience is that of most persons who have studied the question

To those who advocate the application of the laws of civilization to the Indian, it might be a profitable study to investigate the effect which such application produces upon the [illegible] Looking at him as the fearless hunter, the matchless horseman and warrior of the Plains, where Nature placed him, and contrasting him with the reservation Indian, who is supposed to be reveling in the delightful comforts and luxuries of an enlightened condition, but who in reality is groveling in beggary, bereft of many qualities which in his wild state tended to render him noble, and heir to a combination of vices partly his own, partly bequeathed to him from the pale face, one is forced, even against desire, to conclude that there is unending antagonism between the Indian nature and that with which his well meaning white brother would endow him. Nature intended him for a savage state, every instinct, every impulse of his soul inclines him to it The white race might fall into a barbarous state and afterward, subjected to the influence of civilization, be reclaimed and prosper Not so with the Indian He cannot be himself and be civilized, he fades away and dies

Revenue Decision

The following is a copy of a circular letter issued from the United States Treasury Department to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue in relation to the refunding of taxes paid by Judges of State Courts on the salaries received by them

TREASURY DEPT COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, December 11, 1871

Hon J W Douglass Commissioner of Internal Revenue

SIR In my letter of 23d of August last you were advised that, upon consultation with the Secretary, it had been decided not to take any final action at that time in relation to refunding the income tax paid by the State officers

I have now to say that, upon, further consultation with the Secretary, as well as with yourself, it has been decided to refund the tax paid by Judges of State Courts on the salaries received by them from their respective State Treasuries.

You may, therefore, transmit to the Fifth Auditor the proper proofs to enable him to report the amount due each judge, on the basis above stated

This action conforms to the decision of the Supreme Court in the case of Day vs Buffleton, beyond which the department does not feel authorized to go I am, sir, very respectfully, R W TAYLER, Comptroller

THE BRAVEST MAN IN THE BRITISH ARMY —Many years ago an eccentric gentleman left a bequest to the "bravest man in the British army" The executors not knowing how to dispose of it otherwise, offered it to the Duke of Wellington He refused it, saying he had no claim to such a title, but if it would be of any service to them to know the man who had, he thought, performed the bravest action under his command, he would point them to Col James McDonell of the Highland regiment, who defended the Chateau of Hougemont, and shut the gate of the courts yard, driving out the French, and subsequently defended it against the furious attacks of Napoleon to carry the position. When the bequest was offered he at first refused to accept it, but on being informed of what the Duke had said concerning his conduct at Waterloo 'That alters the case,' said he 'if he says so, and if shutting the gate and defending it was the action that merited such a high distinction, then Sergeant Frazer is entitled to half of it" And so it was divided between them During the Canadian rebellion of 1837-38, the British Government appreciating the services of so brave a man, appointed now General Sir James McDonell commandant of the citadel of Quebec Thus he served his country faithfully in his youth and old age He was brother of Bishop McDonell of Glengarry, the first Catholic Bishop of Upper Canada Toward the close of his useful life the Rev Father had a great longing to visit the land of his birth (Scotland) and returning for the night to the bedroom of his boyhood, was found next morning in the sleep of death

THE MARION COUNTY COURT HOUSE —From the *Statesman* of Thursday we take this

Yesterday the bids for the construction of the new court house for Marion county were opened by the County Commissioners and were found to be as follows W Caywood of Portland $89 700 J W Fisher $94 447, Joseph Holman, $114 900 Watt & Co $78 000 Miller, Booth & Meyer $91 000, J M Patterson, $92,780, I C Churchill $89,950, Rhodes & Boker $119,000, G H Jones, $96,997, H B Leonard, $97,987, J C Bowker, $94,500, Dr McDowell, $73 000, and 50 cents an hour for superintending The Court reserves the right to reject or decline any bids, if it desires

THE TERRITORIES

The Legislature of Montana has passed a bill making Deer Lodge the capital of that prosperous Territory, and the Governor has given his approval

The Mormon papers are exceeding bitter on the veto The News says that the Federal officers go as far in their antagonism and offensiveness as is safe

The friends of equal suffrage in Wyoming claim that since women have had a vote there crime has been punished reforms established, courts ceased to be a mockery, and lechery is no longer at a premium

In an election held at Greeley, Colorado, on the 20th ult, the people of that town nominated by ballot the man they wished to receive the appointment of Postmaster Ninety eight women participated in the election

The land excitement in Olympia appears to have died away The railway company have been presented with four thousand acres of land situated in and around Olympia, in return for which they engage to build a depot within one mile and a half of the center of the town

Colorado is again asking Congress for admission as a State This is the third time that the State question has been accepted as an issue in the politics of the Territory, and heretofore the people of the Territory have been about equally divided, irrespective of other party considerations But Colorado won't get in

Members of Congress have very little idea that "printing" costs anything, apparently, as the Government has a printing office of its own The most remarkable order ever served upon that office, perhaps, has been issued under a resolution passed at the instance of General Butler, by which Thos Jefferson's report on the whale and cod fishery in 1791 is to be printed for circulation among Congressmen

J Staley some time ago thought proper to steal a letter in Omaha from the United States mail. The letter contained a draft upon which the cash was got by a forged endorsement A touching feature of the case consisted in the fact that Staley's wife went on the stand and swore that she was the forger. Her hope was to save her husband, and apparently perjured herself to accomplish that end. The effort was vain, and the Judge, in passing sentence, said he was entirely satisfied that the woman was not guilty of the crime with which she had charged herself. The sentence was a heavy one, being that Staley should be confined in the House of Correction for ten years

NEWS CONDENSATIONS.

The head bar keeper of the Hoffman House testifies that Stokes had been drinking heavily for ten days before his crime.

Great sums of money are hoarded in southern France since the late troubles, the locking up of which creates a financial stringency

The New York *World* says another distinguished clergyman of that city will soon abandon Unitarianism and unite with the Episcopalians.

The property of the late Isaac Rich of Boston amounts to $1,700,000 By the provisions of his will the whole amount under certain conditions goes to the Boston University, a branch of the Boston Theological Seminary, a Methodist institution

New Jersey, which is a small State, has raised the salary of her Governor from $3 000 to $5,000 The great State of Ohio can afford but $4,000 as the yearly salary of her Governor, and $1,000 of this must be paid for the rent of the Executive mansion.

The Supreme Court of the United States has granted an order against Secretary Boutwell directing him to show cause why a mandamus should not issue to compel him to pay the Kentucky war claims. The order expressly reserves all points for decision on final hearing, and for the present declares nothing.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

A Horticultural Society has been organized at Victoria

There is an earnest demand throughout British Columbia for the abolishment of toll-roads, which are a tax on travel in all directions.

James Deane is making the ruins of Vancouver's Island an especial study, and has written several very interesting papers concerning them

Four Indians are in jail at Victoria charged with a murder perpetrated in 1863 The testimony against them is the dying confession of an Indian who said he was associated with them in the act

Mr Grahame of the Hudson's Bay Company (who for several years was stationed at Vancouver) has been summoned to London by telegraph It is thought to be on a mission with regard to the transfer of the management of the present company into the hands of a new one.

John Hocking, a farmer on Salt Spring Island, was drowned on the 14th of January. On that day he visited Victoria, purchased a supply of groceries, etc., and started home in a canoe On the 24th the canoe was found broken to pieces on the beach He leaves a wife and family

The Heating of Our Houses.

[From Scribner's Magazine.]

Entering the door of one of our "comfortable" modern houses, what meets us? A puff of scorched air from a register, redolent of burning iron—or of boiled air from a steam heater. The thermometer is standing at about 74 deg. We advance to the parlor There matters are even worse, for no outside cold has entered with momentary freshness The plants in the window look yellow and forlorn Ominous cracks are visible here and there in the furniture—nay, a strip of ornamental veneer has actually split off from the piano and lies on the carpet. Our hostess, coming forward to greet us, is wrapped in a little shawl, and remarks that it is an awful day, that she hasn't been out of course, but even in the warm house has felt the cold. In effect, she looks blue and pinched Whereat we wonder, for the room *feels* insufferably hot, but we place ourselves beside her where she sits cowering over the register, and conversation goes on with what spirit it may under these circumstances.

At the end of an hour we find ourselves a little chilly That is, our head is hot enough—a little too hot, perhaps—but both hands and feet are cold, and we are inclined to agree with our friend when she opines that "the girl" must have let the fire go down. But glancing at the thermometer, we start to see that the mercury has risen instead of falling It is now at 80 degs. And, after all why should we wonder? Nature is inevitable in her retributions, and we, no less than the poor geranium in the window, must suffer the penalty of a deranged circulation when we violate her laws of temperature

Bad enough, if this were all! One can live and be useful under the trifling discomfort of cold extremities, as our worthy forefathers sufficiently proved But how much of life and of life's best energies of thought, of wit, of good humor, of aspiration goes down through those holes in the floor into neither silence? As from some Kobold's cave, the invisible gnomes of the furnace climb, emerge, and steal from us the choicest, finest, most intangible part of ourselves

No man ever lived and worked his best in a room heated over 68 degrees—a sentence we should like to engrave in letters of gold on the iron plate of every register, and the front of every steam heater in the land from this day forth and forever.

The Execution of a Boy in Canada.

HISTORY OF THE CRIME—HORRIBLE SCENE AT THE GALLOWS.

Cyrus Pickard was hanged at London, Ontario, on the 28th of December, for the murder of Duncan McVennel, his employer, last April. Picard ascended the scaffold with a firm step Owing to nervousness of the executioner, the knot slipped directly under the chin, and, after the drop fell, the rope with which his arms were tied broke. His struggles were fearful for several minutes, until life became extinct

THE CRIME.

Duncan McVennel, the murdered man, was a well-to-do farmer, residing near St. Mary's. In the summer of 1870 he engaged Pickard for a year as a farm laborer Everything went on smoothly until the end of March, 1871, when Pickard suddenly left him without giving any notice or assigning any reason. After about three weeks absence he returned and demanded his wages. Mr McVennel refused to pay him on the ground that he had failed to fulfill his agreement. The next day Pickard returned and again demanded a settlement. Mr. McVennel, who was harrowing at the time, gave him his choice of returning to his work or waiting until the end of the year for his money. Some sharp words passed between them, when, as Mr. McVennel was turning round to resume his work, Pickard drew a pistol and shot him Pickard was at once arrested, and on his own confession was committed to jail to await his trial His counsel adopted the plea of temporary insanity, and upon this ground succeeded in having the trial postponed until the fall assizes The result of the trial was what every one expected—Pickard was found guilty and sentenced to be hanged. Endeavors were made to have the sentence commuted, and an extensively signed petition was presented to the Executive for this purpose The only effect of this, however, was to produce an announcement from the Secretary of State that the Governor General had decided to let the law take its course.

THE BOY MURDERER'S LIFE.

Cyrus Pickard was born September 30th, 1851, so that he was but only a

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 9, 1872.

Two "Monopolies."

The following extract from the litigant organ at Salem is rather long to trouble our readers with, but it suggests a thing or two which may not be unworthy of notice:

> The OREGONIAN thinks that the *Mercury*, which it facetiously terms "the litigant organ at Salem," "would object to any interference with the litigant printing monopoly," though it is in favor of "curbing the railroad monopoly of our State." The OREGONIAN is mistaken. We want the State to deal with both these "monopolies" in the same way. We desire that our Legislature shall "interfere" with the "railroad monopoly" in precisely the same manner that it has already done with the "litigant printing monopoly." The law now, very wisely, fixes the prices of "litigant printing," and we wish to have it regulate, also, the rates of transportation of freight and passengers on the railroad. It would be looked on as an outrage if the State should allow papers that have a monopoly of litigant printing to charge what they pleased for their work. Similarly, we think it an outrage for the State to permit those who have a monopoly of the transportation business within its limits to fix prices to suit themselves, particularly when they seem inclined to fix those prices to suit nobody else. We want Mr. Holladay's "gander" served up with the same "sauce" that is used with our "goose."

Is it true that the paper from which this extract is taken "wants the State to deal with both these 'monopolies' in the same way?" The State compels the public to advertise in litigant organs, and authorizes those organs to charge rates which are exorbitant, and oppressive. For one column of litigant advertising the Salem organ receives as much as it is able to get for half a dozen columns of business advertising. Nor can those who have business in courts of justice help themselves the law *forces* them to advertise in the litigant organs and to pay their price. Now if the State is to deal with the railroads in the same way it will, first of all, enact that it shall be unlawful for any person to go to Salem by any other conveyance than Mr. Holladay's railroad. Next, it will authorize Mr. Holladay to collect fares two or three times in excess of those which he collects now. This will be "serving up Mr. Holladay's gander" with the same "sauce" that is used with the litigant organ's "goose." The cases will be exactly parallel.

As matters now are, if a person is unwilling to pay railway fares he can go by the common roads. But those who have business in the courts have no alternative; they must ride in the litigant wagon and pay the litigant price. Mr. Holladay needs legislation to place him on the footing on which the law places the litigant monopoly. Legislation, of course, should not discriminate. It should be impartial, and should give one "monopoly" the same chance as another.

Segregation of Lands.

There has long been a necessity for legislation by Congress to provide some suitable plan of segregating and classifying the public lands in the several States, so that those tracts, belonging respectively to the States and to the General Government, may be set apart from each other. A bill has been introduced by Senator Cole of California, which proposes to supply this want. It constitutes the Governor and Surveyor General of each State (or in case the State has no Surveyor General, some other person whom the Legislature may designate), and the United States Surveyor General therein, a Commission, with authority to appoint three disinterested persons in each county containing public lands other than agricultural, whose duty it shall be to classify the public lands in said county when surveyed by the United States, and designate them by sections or smaller subdivisions upon maps to be furnished by the Commission, as agricultural, swamp and overflowed, mineral, coal, or dry and arid, (that is, useless without irrigation) according to their true character after personal inspection as far as practicable, on the testimony of impartial witnesses in cases of doubt. Reports of their proceedings to be forwarded quarterly, and when approved by the Commission and afterwards by the the Commissioner of the General Land Office, to be deemed conclusive as to the character of the said lands so designated. The swamp lands thus segregated are to be certified to the several States as fast as their character is determined. There is urgent need of a law something like this, or a law embodying the general idea here set forth. Cole's bill seems, however, to place the business rather too much in the hands of State authorities who might be influenced greatly by swamp land "syndicates" and "rings"; but it would be easy to frame a bill on this general plan which would not be open to such an objection.

Governor Grover is trying to make some capital and buncombe in a small way by an ostentatious display of his promptness in asserting the dignity of Oregon, in the case of a man who arrested and carried off another without first complying with legal forms. Query: Is it more censurable for a Wisconsin detective to come into Oregon and carry off an alleged defender without a requisition, than for Governor Grover to telegraph to San Francisco to have the man arrested and brought back, before any proceedings are commenced or complaint is lodged against him? In short, isn't the Governor, in his wonderful zeal, committing the very fault which is alleged against the Wisconsin detective? Governor Grover has no more lawful authority to telegraph for the arrest of this man in San Francisco, until proceedings are first commenced here in the way pointed out by law, than the Emperor of China has.

In another State the Democracy have officially accepted the "passive policy." The Kansas Democratic State Committee have had a full discussion of the subject, and have agreed to publish an address recommending that the Missouri policy be adopted by the National Democracy in the national campaign of 1872. It will be signed by every member of the Committee. So it goes. Passivism is gaining ground. It looks more and more as if the Oregon Democracy would be compelled to swallow it.

Oregon Democratic papers are having much to say about the "incubus" that is placed on the commerce of New York by practices in the New York Custom House. Now if they would only talk a little about the "incubus" that rests on the commerce of Oregon under the present administration of our pilot system, it would not be amiss. But their telescopic philanthropy displays itself wholly in calling for reforms in very distant places.

Defamation of the President of the United States is meat and drink for the *Herald*. That paper says that Gen. Grant "takes bribes," "turns his office into a money-making machine," and "consorts with horse-jockeys and blacklegs." The Democratic press seems incapable of learning that it injures itself more than Gen. Grant by this false invective and low scurrility.

Proportional Representation.

In the *American Law Review* for January there is an exhaustive article on the subject of proportional representation. The writer starts with the statement that our elections fail in their chief purpose,—that of furnishing a fairly representative body. For instance, in the State of Massachusetts there are nearly 200,000 voters. Three-tenths of these, or nearly 60,000, are Democrats. Yet the 140,000 Republicans have the whole of the ten members of Congress, and the 60,000 Democrats are virtually without representation. In Kentucky there is a like state of things, only the condition of parties is reversed. The Democratic voters number 130,000, and elect all the Congressmen. The Republican voters number 70,000 and have no representative. What is meant by proportional representation is a system which will give each party representation according to its strength or voting numbers and prevent the virtual disfranchisement of minorities.

Several plans have been proposed for attaining these ends. To secure a truly proportional representation these systems all adopt the idea that the number of votes necessary for the choice of a representative is to be found by dividing the whole number of votes by the number of men to be chosen. If, for instance, ten representatives are to be elected by 100,000 voters, any 10,000 who wish to combine for this purpose ought to be able to elect their candidate. Conversely, any candidate who receives the quota of 10,000 is entitled to take his seat; and as there cannot in such case be more than ten such, no confusion will arise. A party of 30,000 will then return three representatives; one of 20,000, two; and any new party or independent candidate who can muster 10,000 supporters will command success. In this way it is urged that the proportional representation of all interests and parties will be perfectly secured.

Illinois in her new Constitution has adopted what is called the "Cumulative Vote." According to this scheme each elector has as many votes as there are members to be elected in his district. He may "cumulate" them all upon one candidate, or divide them at his pleasure among any number of candidates whatever, and in any proportions. This system is liable to cause great waste of votes, since a much larger number than is necessary to an election may be thrown for one candidate. A modification of this plan, which is claimed as an improvement, is suggested by allowing each elector to put upon his ballot, in addition to the names of his favorite candidates, the names of others in the order of his preference for them, for whom he is willing to have his vote counted in case it proves of no service to the candidates of his choice. It is claimed that on some one of these plans or by a combination of them the representative body would not only be more justly, but also more efficiently made up; that it would diminish the great preponderance of legislative majorities, and check abuses of legislative power.

The San Francisco *Chronicle* mentions a remarkable example of the productive capacity of land. It says that 3,000 acres of Twitchell Island, on the San Joaquin river, just above its junction with the Sacramento, was bought by a Kentucky company for $25 per acre, aggregating $75,000. They burned the tules, with which one thousand acres of the land was covered, scattered seed wheat in the ashes, and trampled it in by running droves of sheep over it. The wheat raised on the 1,000 acres yielded a net profit of $36,000. If the entire 3,000 acre had been treated in the manner, the profit would have been $108,000, or $33,000 more than the entire outlay for the purchase of the land and putting in the crop.

Everything that tends to advance charters injuriously affects the price of wheat and other Oregon products. Hence the farming community of our State have a direct interest in bringing about a reform in the system of pilotage on the Columbia bar and the Columbia and Wallamet rivers.

Railroad Construction in 1871.

[From the San Francisco Bulletin.]

At the close of last year there were upward of 60,000 miles of railroad completed and in operation in the United States; about 7,000 miles having been constructed during that year.

The *Railroad Gazette* compiles the following table of miles constructed in 1871:

Maine	106	Arkansas	37
New Hampshire	57	Kentucky	142
Vermont	63	Ohio	174
Massachusetts	117	Michigan	378
Connecticut	130	Indiana	340
New York	348	Illinois	902
New Jersey	160	Wisconsin	314
Pennsylvania	304	Minnesota	451
Maryland	115	Iowa	461
Virginia	19	Nebraska	210
West Virginia	98	Missouri	508
North Carolina	20	Kansas	270
South Carolina	30	Indian Territory	124
Georgia	95	Colorado	76
Florida	12	Nevada	16
Alabama	173	Washington Territory	23
Louisiana	57	Oregon	55
Texas	205	California	99

[There is an error in the above statement in regard to Oregon. About eighty miles instead of fifty-five were constructed last year.—ED. OREGONIAN.]

In 1830, there was but 23 miles of railroad in operation in the whole country. The first rails were of strap iron, the cars were divided into compartments holding six or eight persons, the conductor collecting fares from the outside, standing on a narrow platform arranged on both sides of the car. About the year 1837, a railroad was completed from the ancient city of Hudson, N. Y., to West Stockbridge, a distance of 28 miles. A passenger train was run over this road in three hours and a half, and this performance was one of the wonders of the times.

Illinois has the largest number of miles now in operation, having, according to the to the latest data, 5,725 miles; Pennsylvania has 5,020; New York, 4,276; Iowa, 3,144; California, 1,024. The ten years from 1870 to 1880 will develop such a railroad interest as never was known before in this country.

Idaho Again Out of Luck.

Another little "irregularity" is reported in the management of the funds of Idaho Territory. Few Territories, or States either, have been more unfortunate than Idaho in this respect. But as Idaho has always been intensely Democratic she can't charge her misfortunes upon the "Radicals." We take the following from the Boise *Statesman* of January 23d;

> Some little excitement has taken place in the last few days in regard to the affairs of the Territorial Treasurer, Hon. John S. Gray. He has been intending to go East for some time, and appointed a deputy and gave the books and papers into his hands with the understanding that the deputy would make up his annual report. His deputy proceeded to make up his balances, and Mr. Gray, by previous arrangement, left on last Friday morning's stage. In looking over the books there appears to be some balance against him, and there not being sufficient time to investigate the matter, it was thought best the Treasurer should return and show up the balance so that his report might be made up. He was accordingly sent after and overtaken at the first station, about seventeen miles from here, and came back. We understand that his books have been placed in the hands of A. Rosi and Jonas W. Brown, and with the money on hand the accounts will be fully balanced.

The Presidency.

[From the Boston Commonwealth.]

Among those professing Republican faith the opinion is all but unanimously expressed that President Grant will be both renominated and re-elected. The more independent and outspoken of these organs of public sentiment—and in this respect it is most creditable to the Republican organization and later political discussions that there is such freedom of expression within the party—while acknowledging some errors of appointment and administration, yet maintain that President Grant has won the confidence of the nation, and that any effort now to supercede him would be ungenerous and impolitic. The control of the Government, therefore, for another term of four years is believed to be in the hands of the Republican party.

We share these conclusions so generally arrived at by those who make politics a study. It would be no compliment to the President to say that his administration has been without error, or that with enlarged experience in civil affairs some determinations of his mind would not have had a different cast. The American public are keen to penetrate the motives of men, and their verdict is invariably tolerant and just, especially if there be no wanton violation of their sense of fairness and propriety. Gratitude, too, is largely a controlling element in their devotion to men. A citizen who has served the public disinterestedly seldom fails to have full appreciation and constant favor from the people. President Grant answers both of these conditions. While the deep down loyalty of our people to their nationality lasts, the military successes of General Grant will be rewarded by their applause and their honors; and while his administration has the semblance of honesty and economy it will be difficult to make any personal differences of members of the party disturb this regard for their favorite.

It is to the credit of the Republican organization that the privilege of an open and free discussion of men and measures is recognized and tolerated; it is no less creditable to the President that he prefers this freedom of opinion than otherwise. It has not always been thus in parties in this country. An Administration man was expected to defend and applaud every act of his party—to become as subservient to its behests as a Mahometan to the teachings of the founder of his faith. This freedom of comment purifies and ultimately controls our politics. Every man that has an opinion ventilates it; every man that carries a grievance exhibits it. The result is that the secret motives and springs of political action are developed, and an opportunity for calmly considering the justice of both censure and praise. General Grant has had this test, equally with President Lincoln in the middle of his first term, applied to him; and it cannot be denied the general verdict has been in his favor, as it was in the similar case of Mr. Lincoln.

In this view of his administration for three years it has been found, as the recent elections indicate, that he has promoted economy. Eighty-five millions of taxes have been removed, and nearly two hundred and eighty millions of the public debt cancelled, resulting in the saving of eighteen millions of interest annually. He has set his face against peculation and dishonesty in the public service, and has held defaulters to their deserts in the courts of law wherever practicable. He has judiciously extended his strong hand into the disturbed districts of the South, and is crushing the secret political orders there existing relentlessly and thoroughly. He has had [illegible] welfare of our people, and has administered justice equally to the African and the Indian. He has promoted peace and unity with foreign Powers, and sought to enlarge the influence of our institutions wherever possible. He has done no violence to the conscience of the world, and no hideous specters glare out from his civil administration to harrow the gaze of beholders. On the contrary, his course has been quiet, decorous, conservate, deferential to the people, without startling surprise of any kind. The country witnesses a gradual return to prosperity, and is content with rulers that seem to be doing their duty without clamor or obtrusiveness.

Such qualities in an administration win continued favor from the people. If we haven't a brilliant republican court, we have a sensible and practical one, which is better; if the President has been in advance of the public sentiment in favoring the acquisition of foreign territory, the charitable judgment of the country is disposed to believe he has strategetical and politic reasons for his advocacy, and thus is not reprehensible; if his relatives and military friends surround him, the fact is pardoned to his long military career, promotive of intimate confidences and enduring friendships. But those, minor defects at best, if defects at all, pale before the unquestioned integrity, upright purpose, and grand simplicity of the President and his distinguishing administrative acts. The country looks at the symmetry and strength of the column, not at the flecks which show that it has passed through the builder's hands.

Disfranchisements.

[From the Washington Chronicle.]

The *Patriot* of this city dilates on what it calls the "various disfranchisements" which resulted from the rebellion. It throws all the blame for these disfranchisements on the nation, or, rather, on what it is pleased to call "the Rump Congress."

The people of the Southern States engaged in rebellion, and thereby lost their constitutional and legal rights. This was their fault. The great body of them expected, at the close of the struggle, to be very severely dealt with. They supposed that, at least, their President, Mr. Davis, their Vice President, Mr. Stephens, all their Governors, and members of the Confederate Cabinet, might be executed for treason. They expected their lands would be confiscated, and that those of them whose lives might be spared would never again be permitted to take part in national affairs. We appeal to every Southern man who remembers the events of 1865 to say if this is not so.

But what did we see? When military courts, trials for treason, executions by the rope, and confiscation of property were daily looked for, the National Government, so far from doing this, went to work to feed the hungry, to repair the dilapidated railroad property, to protect Southern society against itself by its armed forces, to establish schools, and to grant a free pardon through the then President, to the great body of the Southern people. Only a few leaders and large landholders were excluded, and all of these were pardoned by President Johnson before his term expired. No man was executed for treason, and no property was confiscated. Such magnanimity had never before been exhibited in the history of the world.

The Southern people were all disfranchised by their own act. They frankly admitted in 1865 that Congress had the right to dictate the terms on which they might be restored to the Union. Congress, in submitting to the States the fourteenth amendment, and the States in ratifying it, did not disfranchise any one. They enfranchised all the white people as voters and officeholders, save a few State and neighborhood leaders. The people of the South would have accepted the amendment but for these same leaders. But the way was still open for these leaders. They were not finally excluded, though in 1865 they expected to be, and would then have admitted it was just. All they had to do to be relieved of this disability, as it is called, was to submit in good faith to the authority of the nation and ask Congress to relieve them. Many did this, and have been relieved, but many others, with treason still in their hearts, too proud to humble themselves—for they very absurdly regarded it as humiliation—refused to ask to be relieved, and they are therefore just where they placed themselves by rebellion in 1861. This is the plain English of the whole matter.

Nor were they more disfranchised by the reconstruction acts than by the fourteenth amendment. Congress had a right to say who, of the number disfranchised by their own act, should be enfranchised, subject to the operation of the fourteenth amendment. But the enfranchisment of all the whites, save a few leaders, could avail nothing to satisfy the malcontents when they saw seven hundred thousand colored men enfranchised and made voters, and those few leaders, who were too proud to submit in good faith and ask to be relieved, excluded from office.

The question is, therefore, not one of disfranchisement, but enfranchisement. If amnesty or enfranchisement should be granted by Congress, it will be solely by the free grace of that body. It will simply reach forth its hand and pull those leaders from the mire in which they plunged themselves.

AGRICULTURAL FAIRS.—The *Alta California* delivers this opinion:

> It is more than probable that a great part of the money appropriated for agricultural societies, and a great part of that expended by them, is practically wasted. "Encouragement of Agriculture" is a captivating phrase; but, firstly, agriculture of all industries stands least in need of encouragement, and, secondly, the means employed to that end are wholly—almost ridiculously—inadequate. Agriculture is very little in need of encouragement for the reason that it is, and in the nature of things always must be, the chief employment of mankind. It is the basal industry upon which all others depend, and which regulates them instead of being regulated by them. As to the means used for its encouragement, they are mainly agricultural "Fairs," which have almost as much effect as a picnic party, to which they are not wholly dissimilar. The premiums paid are absurdly low, because the money must be made to go round. It is difficult to understand how the feet of farmer Jones having received two dollars for a purely accidental and exceptional yield of potatoes is going to stimulate farmer Smith to undertake the costly and careful experiments to produce a similar yield. But if it is expected that farmer Jones will impart his method to all comers, there is the difficulty that commonly he hasn't any method, and is much more likely to ascribe his success to a phase of the moon than anything else.

AN ENGLISH ENGINEERING SCHEME.—An exchange says that the waters of Lake Michigan are only thirteen feet higher than those of Lake Erie. The Chicago folks having deepened the channel of the stream which divides their city, so as to turn the waters of the lake into the Mississippi river, the *Pall Mall Budget*—a London weekly publication—suggests that by deepening this channel the Mississippi could be made the outlet of all the great lakes, west of Niagara Falls—a project which, it suggests, is very far within the limits of modern engineering. The result of such an enterprise would be to shrink the surface of Lake Erie, to shrink Niagara into a mere fall for machinery propelling purposes; the St. Lawrence would become comparatively an insignificant stream. The benefits of such an improvement would principally consist in furnishing a continuous feedor to the great river of the West. The enterprise would be a great one, and the Government has engineers enough on regular pay to enable it to inquire into the practicability of this project. It would be singular indeed if this great improvement should be carried out on the suggestion of a London editor. One would have supposed some shrewd Chicagoan would have suggested it.

ROOMS TO RENT.

The Office and Rooms now occupied by Judge Strong, in Cro's Building, corner of Front and Stark streets, will be vacant on the 1st of February, and after that time will be to let. The rooms are centrally located, pleasant and comfortable. Inquire of

ja22tf WM. CREE.

REMARKABLE CURE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF THE GUADALOUPE MINE.

"THE WORK GOES BRAVELY ON."—CASE NO. 6001—SECOND SERIES.

DR. A. M. LOVELL & CO.—For a long time I have been afflicted with rheumatism in my hands and feet, the pains most of the time being very severe. On the 7th of July I procured some of your ONE WEED REMEDY, and after taking only three bottles, find that I am quite restored to health and strength. I have had the Rheumatism for eleven (11) years, and think that the success of the "ONE" in curing a disease of so long standing, is so short a time, is very remarkable.

As a tonic and appetizer have never met with anything equal to the "ONE WEED REMEDY." During the time I was taking it I gained fifteen (15) pounds in weight. Trusting that this certificate may be useful in inducing others affected as I was to try the "ONE," I remain, very truly yours,

JAMES T. BROWN,
Supt. and Agent Guadaloupe Mine.

feb1dtf

DR. D. R. FREELAND,
DENTIST.
LATE OF SAN FRANCISCO,
Room No. 8 Dekum's Building,
Corner First and Washington Streets, Portland.
Nitrous Oxide administered. n8dtf

DIED,

At 2 o'clock P. M. February 8th, 1872, Willie, third son of H. L. and M. L. Hoyt, aged 5 years and 7 months. Due notice will be given of the funeral.

NEW TO-DAY.

VALENTINES!

NEW AND FINE ASSORTMENT RECEIVED BY the Issue, which

GOLDSTEIN,
At the Post Office, is Selling Low—and mailing without extra charge. fe9dtf

Notice.

THE BUSINESS HERETOFORE CONDUCTED UNder the firm name and style of J. LEVY & BRO., at Harrisburg, Linn county, Oregon, was purchased by LEVY, SELLER & CO., on the 1st day of February, 1872, and is to be conducted at the old stand under the firm name and style of

SELLER, LEVY & CO.

To the patrons of the old firm we would respectfully say, that we are prepared to treat them with the same courtesy and uprightness as has been the custom with our predecessors, and furthermore ask them to give us their continued patronage, and we will at all times guarantee satisfaction.

SAMUEL LEVY,
SAMUEL SELLER,
HENRY SELLER.

fe6dtf

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR the District of Oregon. In Bankruptcy. In the matter of J. McHenry, Bankrupt. District of Oregon, ss. A warrant in bankruptcy has been issued by said Court against the estate of J. McHenry, of the county of Multnomah, and State of Oregon, in said District, who has been duly adjudged a bankrupt upon petition of his creditors; and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him or to his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at Portland, in said District, on the 8th day of February, A. D. 1872, at 1 o'clock P. M., at the office of George H. Durham, one of the Registers in Bankruptcy in said District.

THOMAS G. YOUNG,
U. S. Marshal as Messenger.

The above mentioned meeting of creditors is postponed until the 15th inst.

THOS. G. YOUNG,
U. S. Marshal as Messenger.
WHALLEY & FEOHHEIMER, Att'y's. ja24d1aw2w

REMOVAL.

C. NEIMEYER & CO.,
Merchant Tailors,
HAVE REMOVED TO WILSON'S BUILDING, Third Street, between Morrison and Alder, where they are prepared to receive orders.
GENTLEMEN'S and BOYS' CLOTHING made to order on short notice in the Latest and Most Fashionable Styles d6dtf

Received Ex Steamer "Gussie Telfair,"
ONE HUNDRED TONS OF
DOUGLAS COAL!
Pronounced to be the Best Coal for Domestic use,
WHICH WE OFFER FOR SALE CHEAP TO CONsumers.
KOSHLAND BROS.,
j27d1m 103 First Street.

MASONIC SAVINGS & LOAN BANK
No. 6 Post St., Masonic Temple.
San Francisco.
GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $150,000
LEONIDAS E. PRATT, President.
GEO. ROBINS, Secretary. fe6d3y

Notice.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—MY WIFE Susan having left my bed and board, without any cause or provocation, and without my consent, notice is hereby given to all persons whomsoever, not to trust her on my account, as I will not be responsible for any debts of her contracting. ENOCH NEWSOME.
Portland, Feb. 3d, 1872
fe6d6t

Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL NOT BE RESPONSIble for any bills contracted by any one but myself. J. N. FISHER.

HOWE'S PLATFORM AND COUNTER SCALES, all sizes up to 5,000 lbs., for sale by
fe6d6t JOHN R. FOSTER.

Amusements.

Oro Fino Theater.

Lessee and Manager.....GEO. B WALDRON
Stage Manager.....GEO. F. BIRD

FRIDAY EVENG, FEB. 9, 1872,

THREE CUARSDMEN!
THREE CUARDSMEN!
THREE CUARDSMEN!
Grand Matinee Saturday at 2 P. M.

ADMISSION—Dress Circle, $1; Gallery, 50 cents.
☞ Box Office open from 9½ A. M. to 4 P. M., where Seats can be secured without extra charge.

LITERARY AND MUSICAL
ENTERTAINMENT!
ON
Friday Evening, Feb. 9th,
AT THE
UNITARIAN CHAPEL!
Corner of Yamhill and Seventh Streets.

PROGRAMME.

PART FIRST.

PIANO SOLO.....
FLUTE DUET.....Selections from Operatic Airs.
READING.....Thanatopsis.
SOLO.....Folks will Talk."
DUET.....Overture, Poet and Peasant.
READING.....Kit Carson's Ride.
SOLO.....Staudchen an Ide.
DUET.....Schubert's Serenade.

PART SECOND.

PIANO SOLO.....Tam O'Shanter.
READING.....Hagar in the Wilderness.
MALE QUARTETTE.
DUET.....Organ and Piano.
READING.....Heart of the War.
SOLO.....The Skipper and his Boy.
DUET.....Der Jager.

TICKETS.....50 CENTS.
Steinway Piano and Burdett Organ for the occasion from Gray's Music Store. fe7dtf

CARDINELL'S
Dancing Academy.
Front street (between Yamhill and Taylor);

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN'S CLASS MONDAY and Thursday evenings. Children's Class Saturday from 10 A. M. to 1:30 P. M. Private lessons given. Soirees on Saturday evenings. d1ddf

C. PARRISH, WIFE AND DAUGHTER,
Formerly of California.

Dancing School
AT
PHILHARMONIC HALL,
ON SATURDAY EVENING.

ALL THE LATEST STYLES OF DANCING TAUGHT. N. B.—We are prepared to Teach Clubs at Reasonable Rates. ja13dtm

THE SKATING RINK
AT THE
PAVILION on Fourth St., bet. Pine & A,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

Skating Every Morning, from 10 to 12 o'clock, every Afternoon from 2 to 4 o'clock and Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings, from 7½ to 9½ o'clock, when there will be Music by a full BRASS BAND, under the Leadership of John A. Gordon.
ADMISSION, TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.
Tickets for Morning and Afternoon admission can be purchased by the package at $1 50 per dozen, and for Evening admission at $2 50 per dozen.
USE OF SKATES, 25 Cents.
At these prices the RINK is a cheap and desirable place of resort, and all classes are enabled to indulge in this pleasant and healthful exercise. d15dtf

MUSIC! MUSIC!
LATEST MUSIC FURNISHED FOR
BALLS, PARTIES AND DANCES!
Orders can be left at the Washington Hotel and at the Skating Rink. JOHN A. CORTES,
fe7dtm Leader Portland City Band

NOTICE.

THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND
GLOBE INSURANCE CO.,
IN ASSUMING THE OUTSTANDING
Fire Risks of the
PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY,
Recognizes its liability to the Policy holders directly, and agrees to treat all such Policies accordingly.

Should any party not feel entirely satisfied with this assurance, and desire to hold a Policy of the Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company for the unexpired time as expressed in the Pacific Policies, he can have our policy by surrendering the Pacific policy and paying simply for the stamps required on the new policy.

W. B. JOHNSTON,
GENERAL AGENT,
No. 413 Montgomery street
ja16dtf SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

SUGARS.
EX BARKENTINE GRACE ROBERTS,
FROM HONOLULU Direc
4,400 Kegs ISLAND SUGARS,
ASSORTED GRADES.
For Sale by
ALLEN & LEWIS.
d12d3

Received Ex Steamer "Gussie Telfair,"
ONE HUNDRED TONS OF
DOUGLAS COAL!
Pronounced to be the Best Coal for Domestic use,
WHICH WE OFFER FOR SALE CHEAP TO CONsumers.
KOSHLAND BROS.,
j27d1m 103 First Street.

FOR HONOLULU,
Hawaiian Islands.
THE A 1 CLIPPER BARKENTINE
JANE A. FALKINBURG,
WILLIAM CATHCART.....Master,
Will have Quick Despatch,
For Freight or Passage, apply to the
CAPTAIN, ON BOARD, or to
fe5dtf ALLEN & LEWIS.

STORAGE! STORAGE!
Can be had at the
BRICK BUILDING,
Front St., next to Allen & Lewis.
Inquire of A. MOLLER & CO'S.
ja27d1m No. 86 Front Street.

Lost.

AN EAST PORTLAND CITY WARRANT (L STREET Fund) No. 14, in favor of Northrup & Drew, and endorsed to us, for $82 93. All persons are cautioned against purchasing such order, as payment has been stopped. fe7d6t. HIBBARD & CO.

AN ASSORTMENT OF SINGLE AND DOUBLE BLOCKS BUSH'D & PATENT, from 2½ to 20 in. for sale by JOHN R. FOSTER.

Ocean Steamers.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.
Carrying the U. S. Mail.

THE NORTH PACIFIC TRANSPORTATION COMpany's Steamship

IDAHO,
FRED BOLLES.....Commander.

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at foot of F Street, for the above port
SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1872,
At 4 o'clock, P. M.
For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front Streets.
GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For Port Townsend, Seattle, Steilacoom, Olympia & Victoria.

THE NORTH PACIFIC TRANSPORTATION CO.'S Steam Propeller

CALIFORNIA.
JOHN HAYES.....Commander.

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, at foot of F Street, for the above ports
TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1872.
At 4 o'clock P. M.
For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front Street.
GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For San Juan, Nanaimo and Sitka,
Carrying the United States Mail.

THE NORTH PACIFIC TRANSPORTATION COMpany's Steamer

"GUSSIE TELFAIR"
T. J. AINSLEY.....Commander.

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at foot of F street, for the above ports, on
SATURDAY, MARCH 1ST, 1872,
At 4 o'clock P. M.
For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front streets.
GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN
INMAN LINE
OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS,
Sailing from New York
Every Saturday and Alternate Tuesday

Cabin Passage, to Liverpool (gold).....$76 00
Steerage Passage to Liverpool (currency).....50 00
Passage from Liverpool to New York:
Cabin (gold).....$75 00
Steerage (currency).....34 00
☞ Round Trip Tickets issued at very low rates.
JOHN G. DAVIS, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York.
Or GEO. W. WEIDLER,
Corner F and Front Sts., Portland, Oregon.

IMPERIAL
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY!
OF LONDON.
ESTABLISHED IN.....1803.

Capital Stock Subscribed..$8,000,000 00
do do Paid up..... 2,500,000 00
Total Cash Assets..... 6,312,535 48
Deposit in Oregon..... 50,000 00

INCREASE IN ASSETS,
From January 1st to October 31st, 1871, after Paying all Losses, including those at Chicago,
$196,510 40!

THE COMPANY'S BUSINESS IS DEVOTED EXclusively to Fire Insurance and it is the ONLY ENGLISH COMPANY represented in America, doing a FIRE INSURANCE business, with an ample Capital and large Accumulated funds not liable for Life or Marine Losses.

PALMER, DELL & CO.,
General Agents for the Pacific Coast,
430 California Street, San Francisco
HEWETT, FLOWERDEW & CO.,
General Agents
fe2d1m For Oregon and Washington Territory.

LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE
INSURANCE COMPANY!
TOTAL ASSETS, GOLD,
$20,869,079 04!
Assets in the United States, held by the Directors in New York,
$3,054,361 24!
ALL SHAREHOLDERS PERSONALLY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE ENGAGEMENTS OF THE COMPANY.

J. G. PARKER, JR., PORTLAND,
AGENT
FOR OREGON AND WASHINGTON TERRITORY.
fe5dtf

BURDETT
ORGANS
ARE THE FINEST, BEST AND CHEAPEST REED ORGAN in the world, as every musical artist in the world that has seen and tried them will testify.
Send for New Price List, or what is better still call and see and hear the

BURDETT
SPEAK FOR ITSELF, AT
GRAY'S MUSIC STORE!
ODD FELLOWS' TEMPLE,
fe7 PORTLAND, OREGON. dtf

Admitted.

MR. E. J. W. STEMMLE HAS THIS DAY BEEN admitted as a partner with me in the General Grocery Business. F. HACHENEY.
FRANK HACHENEY. E. J. W. STEMMLE.

HACHENEY & STEMMLE,
Retail Dealers and Jobbers in
GROCERIES, PRODUCE, SEEDS, ETC.,
Cor. Main and First Sts.,
Respectfully invite their friends and the public to give them a call. Full Satisfaction Guaranteed. fe5dtf

SHIRTS MADE,
DRESS MAKING.
AND ALL PLAIN SEWING DONE TO ORDER, BY
MRS. A. C. KIMBALL,
No. 145 Cor. Fourth and Taylor Sts.
fe6d6t Up Stairs.

Auction and Commission.

A. S. RICHARDSON,
AUCTIONEER
Corner of Front and Oak Streets.

AUCTION SALES
OF REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES, GENERAL CHANDISE AND HORSES.

Sale Days—Wednesday and Saturday.

A. S. RICHARDSON, Auc'r

At Private Sale.
ENGLISH REFINED BAR and BUNDLE IRON;
do SQUARE & OCTAGON CAST STEEL;
HORSE SHOES, FILES, RASPS, SAWS, SCREWS, FRY-PANS, SHEET IRON, E. G. Iron
Large assortment of GROCERIES & LIQUORS
A. S. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

Regular and Peremptory Sale
OF
Groceries, Furniture
GENERAL MERCHANDISE, &C.

I will sell at my Auction Salesroom,
ON SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1872,
At 10 o'clock A. M.,
ONE EXPRESS WAGON;
ONE SET HARNESS;
ALSO,
ONE MILK WAGON;
ALSO,
BED-ROOM,
DINING-ROOM and
KITCHEN FURNITURE,
ALSO,
GROCERIES,
50 chests JAPAN TEA;
100 bxs SOAP;
100 bxs WASHING POWDER;
50 bxs SAPONIA;
25 bf bls MACKEREL;
100 bdls CODFISH;
ALSO:
100 cases GROUND PEPPER;
50 cases " GINGER;
50 cases " MUSTARD;
75 cases PIE FRUIT;
50 cases FRESH PEACHES;
A. S. RICHARDSON, Auc'r.

JOSEPH MIDDLEMISS
Auction, Commission and Storage
MERCHANT,
6 Front St. (Central Block),
PORTLAND.
JOSEPH MIDDLEMISS, Auctioneer.
Regular Sale Days—Tuesday and Friday.

STORAGE
can be had at the
Brick Building No. 8 Front street,
CENTRAL BLOCK, PORTLAND.
FOR STORAGE OF
Reasonable terms inquire at Warehouse or
JOSEPH MIDDLEMISS,
8 Front St. (Central Block), Portland.
ja3d1tf

IMPERIAL
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY!
OF LONDON.
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PALMER, DELL & CO.,
General Agents for the Pacific Coast,
430 California Street, San Francisco
HEWETT, FLOWERDEW & CO.,
General Agents
fe2d1m For Oregon and Washington Territory.

JANION & RHODES,
No. 10 Front St.,
OFFER FOR SALE
EX "BARRACOUTA" AND C. A.
LATE ARRIVALS:
Dunwille's Irish Whisky, in cases.
Stewart's Scotch Whisky, in cases and
Hennessey, Martel, & Otard Pale B.
in ¼ casks.
Fine Sherry and Port Wines in
Jamaica Rum, in ½ casks.
E. Piper & Co., B. & E. Perrier and
mart's Champagne, in pints and quarts.
Blood, Wolfe & Co's Ale & Porter, in
Guinness' Dublin Stout, in pints and quarts.
Ind Coope & Co's Pale Ale, in quarts
ALSO,
A FINE ASSORTMENT OF
ENGLISH PICKLES, SAUCES, &C.
OILS, MUSTARD, Etc., Etc.
ALSO,
ENAMELLED and TINNED SAUCE-PANS;
GALVANIZED IRON BUCKETS;
SHEET ZINC, Nos. 8, 9 and 10;
GLASS TUMBLERS;
FI

...nd Commission.
...RICHARDSON,
...ION & SHIR
...ront and Oak Streets.

...ION SALES
...GROCERIES, GENERAL
...DISE AND HORSES.
...dnesday and Saturday.
...E. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

...ivate Sale.
...NED BAR and BUNDLE IRON;
...RE & OCTAGON CAST STEEL;
...FILES, RASPS, SAWS;
...ANE, SHEET IRON, B. G. IRON
...ent of GROCERIES & LIQUORS
...E. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

...nd Peremptory Sale
...OF...
...S, Furniture
...ERCHANDISE, &c.
...at my Auction Salesroom,
...Y, FEBRUARY 14, 1872
...10 o'clock A. M.,
...PRESS WAGON;
...T HARNESS;
...ALSO,
...K WAGON;
...ALSO,
...-BOOK and
...KITCHEN FURNITURE.
...ALSO,
...COA...H...
...JAPAN TEA;
...AP,
...ASHING POWDER;
...PONTA;
...MACKEREL;
...ODFISH;
...ALSO:
...HOUND PEPPER;
...GINGER;
...MUSTARD;
...PIE FRUIT;
...CHEESE PEACHES;
...RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

MIDDLEMISS
...lation and Storage
...RCHANT,
...t (Central Block),
...ORTLAND.
...DLEMISS, Auctioneer.
...ays—Tuesday and Friday.
...ORAGE
...to be had at the
...ng No. 5 Front street,
...BLOCK, PORTLAND.
...FOR GE... ON RE...
...nquire at Warehouse of
JOSEPH MIDDLEMISS,
5 SOUTH FRONT STREET,
Central Block, Portland.

...& RHODES,
...Front St.,
...REE FOR SALE
...COUTA" AND OTHER
...ARRIVALS:
...Whisky, in cases;
...Whisky, in cases and casks;
...tal, & Otard Pale Brandy.
...Port Wines in qr and ½ casks;
...B. & B. Ferrier and Rule
...pagne, in pints and quarts;
...Co's Ale & Porter, pts & qts;
...n Stout, in pints and quarts;
...'s Pale Ale, in quarts;
...ARTO.
...ASSORTMENT OF
...KLES, SAUCES, SALAD
...USTARD, &c., &c.
...ALSO,
...ENED SAUCE PANS;
...ON BUCKETS;
...Nos. 8 and 10;
...ESLEY;
...MANIA;
...MAN CEMENT;
...REST WASHED WHITING;
...ERATED MALT VINEGAR;
...ALSO
...Table Oil Cloths
...Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.
...Salt! Salt!
...ALT IN 100-LB BAGS,
...for Sale by
...NION & RHODES,
...No. 10 Front Street.

...OM...
...RANCE COMPANY,
...FRANCISCO.
...RINE INSURANCE.
...$1,000,000
...President.
...Vice President.
...Secretary.
...Marine Secretary.
...General Manager.
...CTORS:
...n Branch.
...as, C. U. Lewis, B. Goldsmith,
...y, Lloyd Brooks.
...L. F. Grover.
...J. A. Crawford.
...D. M. French.
...J. Lowenberg.
...AMILTON BOYD,
...n and Washington Territory.

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 9, 1872

CITY.

PEOPLE THAT WE KNOW.—The Frost who visited Oregon last summer is at Victoria lecturing on "The Downfall of the United States Government."

.....James Cook, the circus clown, rope-walker and actor who was here last year, lately had an ankle broken, at Savannah, Georgia. He was turning a summersault over a number of horses, and when he came down he alighted on the ground instead of the mattress. He hauled off for repairs and went to New York.....Cogill & Cooper, the minstrels and champion dancers, have formed a company to play at Los Angeles, Cal.

.....Letters received by the steamer inform us that James Vinson, stage manager with Mr. Bates, when here, is lying very sick at San Francisco, with gout.....William Ellerton, comedian, and Tony Ward, write that they have formed a small dramatic company for the purpose of coming to Oregon.....The Purdy & Scott minstrels, who played out here in a little over a week, last fall, are at Virginia City.....Prof. Plummer was reading up the interior towns of California at last accounts.

THE WEST SIDE MAILS FROM PORTLAND.—The *West Side* has this to say about the mails from this city to Yamhill: "When our mails came through from Portland by stage we received them in about twelve hours. Now that they are carried to Cornelius by rail our papers reach us the second day. We learn that the mail does not leave Cornelius till 7 P. M. of the day it starts from Portland, while the down mail leaves here about the same time. Thus it takes four days to get returns from Portland, against two before the railroad was built. Besides, it stops all travel by stage, as no one wishes to occupy so much time on a short trip, and travel all night at that. This may suit Ben Holladay, but it is rough on the people of Yamhill. Can't the Portland P. M. see that they leave that place on schedule time? and much oblige a large section of country."

LOOK OUT FOR BAD COIN.—We saw yesterday a twenty-dollar piece which had been swindled out of half a dollar by being mortised. The plug had fallen out leaving the cavity plainly visible. Speaking of bad coin, we find in the San Francisco *Bulletin* a notice of a counterfeit half dollar which has made its appearance in that city. The piece is dated 1870, and bears the San Francisco Mint brand—S. The piece has the appearance of being genuine, differing only from a good half dollar in that it is a trifle thicker, the milling is a little rattled, and it has not the true ring. Nine out of ten men who are accustomed to handling money, would not detect the counterfeit in any ordinary business transaction.

GOOD TEMPLAR'S HALL.—Mr. Stiltzel showed us yesterday his subscription list of stock taken in the Good Templar's Hall Association. It foots up nearly $17,000, one man, J. M. Stott, giving $5,000. The Association has purchased a lot in the northwest corner of block 20—fronting on Third and lying along Alder street—on which to erect their building. It is to be a wooden house, fifty by ninety-five feet, and two stories high. The hall will be in the upper story and will be about fifty by sixty-five feet, with spacious anterooms. The ground floor will be divided into two stores fronting on Third and a reading room opening from Alder. The prospects for the speedy beginning of the building are excellent.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE. — The Tillamook schooner has arrived in the river from Fort Townsend.

The ship *Chetah*, was expected to arrive here some time during last night. The steamer *Forest City* passed the *Merrimac* at Coffin Rock at 8 A. M. yesterday, the latter having the ship in tow.

The bark *Almatia* from this port has arrived at San Francisco, and the barks *Rival* and *Almy* have sailed for Portland.

WEATHER REPORTS.—The U. S. N. Co.'s telegraph furnished the following weather reports: Cascades—Chinook wind; thermometer, 45°. Dalles—clear; Chinook wind; the ice in front of town is all gone; thermometer, 48°. Umatilla—warm and pleasant; strong south wind; thermometer, 45°. Wallula—clear; strong up-stream wind; thermometer, 42°. Walla Walla—cloudy; strong Chinook wind all night; thermometer, 45°.

ARRIVAL OF THE CALIFORNIA.—The steamship *California*, Hays, commander, arrived at 1 o'clock yesterday morning from Puget Sound. She brought the following list of passengers: A S Paine, Lee Wahn, J L Barry, Capt H Roder, Joe Cox, Wm Evans, Hans Olson, John Krahm, Mrs Geo Blank, M Marincovich, Col Vernon, Eugene Crosin, J C Kincaid, Edward Cassidy, James Norman, S Abrahsm wife and daughter.

DEMOCRATIC POLITICIANS.—A considerable number of Democratic politicians, including Gov. Grover, Gen. Miller and other "leaders," have been in Portland for some days, apparently trying to "fix" things. Probably they meet here merely for convenience of consultation, and not for the purpose of looking after Multnomah county, which would be a waste of time, as this county is good for five hundred majority.

RIVER IMPROVEMENTS.—It is stated that Major Robert has been authorized to make an examination of the bar at St. Helens, with a view to furnishing estimates of the cost of improving the channel. The surveys will be made by Captain West, as soon as the weather shall become favorable for that sort of work.

TO SAIL.—The *Idaho* for San Francisco Saturday. The *California* for Puget Sound next Tuesday at 4 P. M. The *Telfair* for Sitka March 1st.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

PERSONAL, LOCAL AND GENERAL.

[From the Advocate.]

We learn from the Presiding Elder of Puget Sound District, that there is some religious prosperity in Seattle.

Rev. G. Hines called to see us on Wednesday last. His health has so far recovered that he will resume his labors on Sabbath next.

Seventeen hundred dollars have been collected in Walla Walla, toward the purchase of a lot and the building of a brick Protestant Episcopal church thereupon, the whole to cost $3,000.

At the regular meeting of the teachers of East Portland M. E. Sunday school, the following were elected officers for the present year: H. Hanson, Supt.; C. Hall, Assistant Supt.; E. N. Morgan, Secretary; J. Abraham, Treasurer; F. Henson, Librarian.

Rev. J. Hoberg writes from Hillsboro, Feb. 6, 1872: "We have just closed a protracted meeting at Forest Grove. Had good meetings, and God was with us. A number were converted, eleven joined on probation, and two by letter. I have now taken into the Church this year (1872) thirty in all, six of these being by letter. Since Conference forty-three.

The following is the report of the attendance at the Taylor street M. E. Sabbath school, for the month of January: Aggregate attendance, 1,487; Average, including concerts, 372; average, not including concerts, 362; average of officers and teachers, 40; average of infant class, 61. This is the largest monthly attendance ever put on record by this school.

Rev. Dan. Jones, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, will preach regularly, until further notice, on each Sabbath morning and evening, in the room on the second floor of the brick building on the corner of First streets. Entrance on First street, next door to Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express Office. Preaching at 11 o'clock A. M., and at 7 o'clock P. M.

ST. HELENS.

GOBLE HELD TO ANSWER FOR ASSAULT TO KILL—THE WEATHER—SURVEY OF THE BAR.

ST. HELENS, Feb. 5, 1872.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

The examination of D. B. Goble for an assault upon the person of Amos Slaven with intent to kill on the 3d inst., before Justice Perry, was concluded to-day; J. T. Cruikshank for the State, and Messrs. McBride and Lancaster for the defence. A number of witnesses were placed upon the stand, and as usual, the stories covered considerable latitude. It appeared on evidence that only Slaven and Goble were intoxicated, and that Gunn only wanted to see fair play. The Attorneys were eloquent and elaborate in their arguments. In conclusion the Justice held Goble to answer at the next term of the Circuit Court of this county, placing his bail at $1,000, which was promptly given. Thus ends the first episode in this drama.

Last night it snowed about two inches in depth, then rained and froze. To-day it melted rapidly, yet the ground is white.

The river in front of this place is at last to be surveyed. In a few weeks we will know what is the nature of the difficulty at this point with navigation.

BOARD OF DELEGATES.

THE OLD BOARD OUT—THE NEW ONE IN.

The old Board of Delegates met last evening for the purpose of closing up the business of the year.

The following members were absent: J. Mayer, A. G. Walling, Levi Knott, S. L. N. Gillman and T. Huntington.

The committee on certificates reported unfavorably upon the application for an exempt certificate for Joseph Weber. A motion to adopt the report was lost.

Subsequently, on motion, exempt certificates were ordered granted to Joseph Weber and S. D. Smith.

In the matter of the recommendation of the Secretary that a new register be procured and that the manner of keeping it be revised, etc., the Judiciary Committee, to whom it had been referred, reported against taking present action on account of the prospective change in by-laws. The report was adopted.

The Finance Committee reported that they had examined the reports of the Secretary and Treasurer and had found the same correct.

The matter of collection of fines for non-attendance was then taken up and the sum of $11 50 was collected.

On motion, C. H. Marvin was excused for non-attendance at three meetings.

The report of the special committee on new laws was taken up and referred to the new Board.

ORGANIZATION OF THE NEW BOARD.

The following Delegates elect were present:

Willamette Engine Co. No. 1—J. H. Lyon, Chas. Lamar and P. D. W. Hardenburg.

Multnomah Engine Co. No. 2—A. B. Hallock, J. A. Thomas and A. C. Ripley.

Columbian Engine Co. No. 3—John E. Patton, Oscar Kilbourn and J. W. Whalley.

Protection Engine Co. No. 4—C. H. Marvin, Wm. Weisell and R. Holman.

Vigilance Hook & Ladder Co. No: 1—F. M. Arnold, Thos. Moffett and C. F. Stewart.

The Delegates came forward, took the oath of office and proceeded to organize the Board by the election of officers, the result being as follows:

President, J. H. Lyon of No. 1.

Secretary, Chauncey Ball of No. 4.

Treasurer, F. M. Arnold of Vigilance, Hook & Ladder Co.

A communication from Multnomah Engine Co. asking the issue of exempt certificates to A. B. Hallock and C. H. Myers, was referred to the Committee on Exempt Certificates.

The report of the Committee on Laws was taken up and again laid on the table.

The Board adjourned.

EAST PORTLAND ITEMS.

[From the Democratic Era.]

REAL ESTATE.—Real Estate on this side of the river is advancing in prices. If we are to judge by the increase of the prices during the past two months, the time is not far off when cheap lands within the city limits of East Portland will be known no more.

GRAND BALL.—A grand ball will be given under the auspices of the East Portland Brass and String Band, next Wednesday evening, February 14th. Everything will be complete. The ferry boat will run all night for the accommodation of guests from the other side.

EAST WORK.—If we are to judge from the amount of railroad iron passing through this city to the "front," at the present time, work on the Oregon and California Railroad is being pushed rapidly forward. Every day or so one or two long trains leave the depot loaded with rails.

IMPROVEMENTS.—We hear of arrangements being made preparatory to extensive building and other improvements that will be commenced in this city early the coming Spring. It is asserted by some who propose to know all the particulars, that the present year will witness the erection of more buildings in East Portland than any year previous.

PETITION.—The following petition is being circulated. When we saw it last, there were sixty names signed to it: "To the Honorable the County Commissioners of the county of Multnomah, State of Oregon—Your petitioners would respectfully represent that the ferry at the foot of J street, East Portland, has been moved to the foot of L street in the city of East Portland, Oregon, against the wishes of a majority of the citizens of said city, and without warrant of law, for the purpose of accommodating a few interested persons, to the obvious detriment of many. Therefore, we, the citizens of East Portland, do respectfully petition your honorable body, to order that the Ferry boat shall cross from the foot of J street, in East Portland, as soon as the necessary arrangements can be made, and your petitioners as in duty bound, will ever pray.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT—DEADY, JUDGE.

THURSDAY, Feb. 8, 1872.

In re, Jordan and others in Bankruptcy, on petition of John Corley; jury empannelled, evidence taken and opening arguments of counsel for petitioner and respondents heard.

The Court adjourned till to-morrow morning.

COUNTY COURT—HAMILTON, JUDGE.

Probate Business—In the matter of the guardianship of minor heirs of C. Bills, deceased; C. C. Bronaugh, general guardian, filed his bond, which was approved.

County Business—Commissioners Burton and Kenworthy sitting with the Judge.

M. Reynolds, Supervisor District No. 11; account accepted and $48 allowed for extra labor.

John Stephenson, District No. 15; report presented by H. L. Pittock, executor; accepted and $82 allowed for extra labor.

Wm. Kern, District No. 19; report accepted and $68 allowed.

Pembroke Gault, District No. 16; report accepted and $80 07 allowed.

D. F. Buxton, District No. 9; report accepted and $26 allowed.

In the matter of the petition of W. D. Prettyman for the opening of a road; Edward Long, Isaac Williams and H. Hanson appointed viewers, and County Surveyor appointed to survey.

SUPERVISORS APPOINTED.

The following named Supervisors were appointed: Wm. Cornell, District No. 4; Pembroke Gault, District No. 16; James Ritchey, District No. 20; Geo. M. Long, District No. 7; Fred. Brown, east half District No. 9; B. Snover, west half District No. 9; Edward Long, District No. 14; Wm. Kern, District No. 19.

The Commissioners adjourned till 10 A. M. Friday.

AMUSEMENTS.

PHILHARMONIC REHEARSAL.—The Philharmonic Society will meet at their hall this evening at 7½ o'clock sharp, for rehearsal. It is to be hoped that there will be a full attendance.

MUSICAL AND LITERARY ENTERTAINMENT.—We presume we need not remind the lovers of refined amusement that the musical and literary entertainment at the Unitarian Chapel will take place this evening. There are some excellent performances on the programme.

ORO FINO THEATER.—There was some rain falling last evening, but it did not prevent the presence of a large audience at Oro Fino, to witness the brilliant drama of "The Three Guardsmen." As produced, the play must rank among the very best, thus far produced this season. It is one of those plays in which the exciting interest of the auditor, constantly becomes deeper and more intensified, as the counter plots of the actors deepen, widen and become constantly more entangled and dangerous for all. We have never seen Mr. Waldron to better advantage than in the character of D'Artagnan, the faithful and daring adherent of the fortunes of Annie of Austria. Mrs. Waldron, too, as Annie, was peculiarly happy not only in make-up, but generally in her management of the character. Mr. Dennis' Richelieu was very fair. Mrs. Bird made the best effort, as Lady De Winter, that we have seen her make for a long time, in characters of similar line. She really did many of the passages exceedingly well. In general terms, we may say that the leading characters were so effectively sustained by all, as to make the development of the plot highly exciting. "The Three Guardsmen" is an eminent success, and we are glad to announce that it will be repeated to-night, and at matinee, Saturday afternoon.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

East Portland has a "Mite Society."

The steamship *Idaho* will sail to-morrow evening for San Francisco.

Only a short time remains for the completion of Second street, East Portland.

The Emmet Guard received a considerable number of recruits at its last meeting.

The *Era* is muttering complaints about the condition of sidewalks and streets at East Portland.

The news from the Upper Columbia is to the effect that the big Chinook is blowing all along shore.

The town clock was dark last night—cause: city wouldn't pay for gas, and Gas Company wouldn't come out.

PLANK ROAD MASS MEETING.

There will be a public mass meeting of all citizens interested in the development of Washington county, at the Court House in Hillsboro, on Saturday, the 17th day of February, 1872, at one o'clock P. M., for the purpose of holding a general conference on the best plan for the commencement of this important work, and it is hoped that every landholder and citizen will be on hand.

For twenty years this project of a good plank road between Portland and the plains has been a favorite enterprise with all parties interested in both town and country, and it is more popular to-day than ever before. Its importance and beneficial influence, on both city and farm property, has always been admitted and never disputed, and now it has become a matter of vital necessity to the full development of Washington county, as well as a great convenience and pecuniary importance to the city. The very fact that it only requires twenty miles of plank road to connect the commercial metropolis of the North Pacific with the heart of the great Tualatin valley, the best body of land nearest to Portland, is of itself a conclusive argument in favor of the road. The railroad does not supercede the necessity of the easy wagon road, where all can travel when they please with their own teams, any more than does the dozen railroads running into Philadelphia supplant the use of the twenty Macadamized roads running out from the same city; but on the contrary, one road makes it necessary for the other.

Build this plank road and it will be daily throughout the whole year, lined with teams from the country and carriages from the city, making it the most popular drive on the coast.

It can be done, it must be done. The railroad added one third to the value of Washington county farms. The plank road will do equally as much, because it brings every farmer with his own team within five miles of the city.

Portland is aroused to the importance of this road, and will do her whole duty. Then let us have a rousing meeting, and put the ball in motion.

By order of the Board of incorporators,

JACOB STITZEL, President.

L. P. W. QUINBY, Secretary.

THE BARK HARRINGTON.

MUTINY OF THE CREW—THE BAR PILOT CARRIED OFF.

Further reports brought from Astoria by the steamer *Idaho* confirm the worst of the ugly rumors which were afloat here on Wednesday, and which were then believed to be entirely sensational. The vessel having been "hove down" by a sea was righted by the aid of the tug. The latter's small boat was then sent off to the bark for the bar pilot, Captain Ely. The boat approaching the bark was warned off, when it was discovered that there was a

MUTINY AMONG THE CREW,

the latter having apparent command of the vessel. The captain of the bark was not in sight, and it was believed that he had been confined. The crew, with weapons in hand, threatened that if the pilot attempted to go over the rail they would beat his brains out. The boat returned to the tug which lay to near by for some time, but as nothing could be done she finally came in. The next morning she went out again but nothing could be seen of the bark.

IT IS SUPPOSED

that when the *Harrington* went upon her beam ends the crew determined that they would not go upon the voyage with the vessel in such condition, and that they rose in mutiny and took possession of her. Whether they were unable to get in again or concluded to make for some other port; what had become of the captain; what the crew wanted of the pilot; or what condition matters on board were in, are all, of course, matters of mere speculation. Experienced sea-going men here, say confidently that it would be necessary for the bark to throw overboard a part of her cargo or cut away her masts to keep aright; and that the voyage, if attempted under any circumstances, would be extremely hazardous.

TEMPERANCE AT EAST PORTLAND.—A temperance meeting will be held at the M. E. Church, at East Portland, next Monday evening, at 7½ P. M. Two or three able speakers will be present. The public are invited to attend.

WEATHER REPORT.

FEBRUARY 8, 1872.

War Department. Signal Service, United States Army. Division of Telegrams and Reports for the benefit of Commerce.

Place of Observat'n	Height of Barometer.	Change in last 3 hrs.	Thermometer	Change in last 3 hrs.	Direction of Wind	Force of Wind	Relative Humidity. 0=dry 1=wet	State of Weather.
4:32 A. M.								
Portland	29.91	+.18	40	+1°	S. E	Light	60	Cloudy
San Diego	.....	.....	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
S. Fr'cisco	.....	.....	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4:32 P. M.								
Portland	29.80	+.02	55	+14°	S.	Gentle	92	Fair
San Diego	.....	.....	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
S. Fr'cisco	.....	.....	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
8:32 P. M.								
Portland	29.68	—.03	47	—8°	Calm	.....	85	Hy rain
San Diego	.....	.....	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
S. Fr'cisco	.....	.....	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

NOTE—Barometer corrected for temperature and elevation.

Portland—Rainfall since last report, 0.04.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

The next school term of the Portland Academy and Female Seminary begins Monday, February 5th. For information apply to

T. F. ROYAL, Principal.

THE UMATILLA HOUSE at The Dalles is now completed and furnished in every respect unsurpassed. The office is the most cheerful and pleasant in the State, and the dining hall is unequaled. The rooms are all newly furnished. The house has twelve suites of rooms with stoves in them for families. The new house stands much higher than the old one. The ceilings are four feet higher, which adds greatly to the cheerfulness of the rooms. The table is kept in a style to correspond fully with the appointments.

STITZEL JUST RECEIVED.—Gilt Parlor Furniture: Easy Chairs in great variety; Bonquet Stands, Card Receivers, Wall Pockets, Finished in Gilt, Walnut, Ebony, Wax and Marquetry. Call and see the Woven Wire Mattress at BURGREN & SHINDLER'S.

To the Afflicted.—Dr. Aborn, corner Third and Morrison streets, treats with unparalleled success, all chronic diseases, no matter how painful or long standing.

MR. DAVID W. C. NESFIELD,

Late Professor of Vocal and Instrumental Music and Organist of St. Mary's College, San Francisco, is prepared to receive Pianoforte and Organ Pupils and to give instruction in Vocal Music in accordance with the strict Italian method. Also, to form classes for the study of Harmony, Thorough Bass, &c.

Mr. Nesfield refers with pleasure to the Directors of the San Francisco Musical Institute and to Frederick Lyster, Esq., late Musical Director of the Lyster Italian Opera Troupe.

Can be seen daily between the hours of 1 and 2 o'clock at Gray's Music Store. Residence, St. Charles Hotel. jl9dtf

Guard Your Health and Life.

How inconsistent is human nature! Men carry revolvers to protect themselves against ruffians in well-policed cities, where the precaution is unnecessary, often neglect to fortify their systems against disease in the most unhealthy season. Thousands of dyspeptics are now languishing in sick rooms, or feebly and listlessly moving through our streets, who owe their forlorn condition solely to a want of common prudence. For more inimical than the roughs and rowdies, against whose possible attacks the timid arm themselves, are the morbid elements that pervade the atmosphere at this time of the year, and yet although it is an undoubted and undeniable fact that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters afford a more perfect protection against those causes of disease, than any weapon of offence can afford against lawless violence, the reckless and inconsiderate continue to brave the danger with a positive safeguard within their reach.

Every day, however, the number of those martyrs to their own want of forecast diminishes. Each succeeding season demonstrates more clearly the inestimable value of the Bitters, both as an antidote for the causes of disease, and a specific for its consequences. The miasm which generates periodic disorders, rheumatism, liver complaint, irregularity of the bowels and other physical disturbances, produces no effects whatever upon systems toned, strengthened and regulated by this powerful vegetable medicine, and dyspepsia, nervous debility, constipation, intermittent and remittent fevers, biliousness, and in fact nearly all the maladies which the Bitters, if taken in time, would prevent, are cured by the perseverING use of the great remedy.

The genuine Bitters sold in bottles only, and never by the barrel, keg or gallon, as is represented by some unprincipled dealers.

ON MARRIAGE.

Happy Relief for Young Men from the effects of Errors and Abuses in early life. Manhood restored. Seminal emissions cured. Impediments to Marriage removed. New method of treatment. New and remarkable remedies. Books and Circulars sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No. 2 South Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa. jl7dw3m

REAL ESTATE!

REAL ESTATE!

STITZEL & UPTON,

Cor. Front & Washington Sts,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

Will attend to the Purchase and Sale

OF

REAL ESTATE!

IN ALL PARTS OF OREGON.

LOANS NEGOTIATED

On First Mortgage Real Estate and Collateral Securities.

REFERENCES, BY PERMISSION:

MESSRS. LADD & TILTON, Bankers.
PHILIP WASSERMAN, Mayor of the City of Portland.
JAMES STEEL, Cashier of the First National Bank.
S. G. REED, Vice President O. S. N. Co.
LLOYD BROOKS, Broker.

WE DESO LEAVE AT THIS TIME TO CALL ATTENTION to the following list of CHOICE FARMING LANDS: Parties desiring to purchase can do no better than to call and examine our Price List of Lands left for sale at our office. A GOOD TEAM is always in readiness to convey parties desiring to purchase on to the Lands Free of Charge.

WE HAVE FOR SALE A LARGE AMOUNT OF

CHOICE HOMESTEAD & BUSINESS PROPERTY!

Situated in

Portland and East Portland!

Parties desiring to procure Homesteads in East Portland, should give us a call. We can sell them Property [illegible] and time will be given to suit purchaser on the balance.

No. (501) 230 ACRE FARM for sale, near the beautiful town of Dayton in Yamhill county. 160 acres in cultivation, 100 acres of Choice Saw Log Timber, near a good Sawmill; House and Barn, Orchard, Good Running Water. Terms Reasonable.

No. (502) A FINE FARM for sale, 4 miles from Albany on the Albany Prairie, containing 320 acres—200 well ploughed and ready for Spring seeding. Improvements tolerably good. Terms Reasonable. Apply to STITZEL & UPTON.

No. (404.) 186 ACRE FARM for sale, well improved, situated 3 miles from Hillsboro, 14 miles from Portland, in Washington county; 125 acres in good cultivation; frame house and barn; school and church near by. Terms reasonable. Apply to STITZEL & UPTON, Corner Front and Washington streets.

No. (403.) IMPROVED FARM for sale, one mile from Hillsboro, the county seat of Washington county, containing 170 acres; 65 acres improved; good orchard; lays on the public road; balance of land easily cleared; good house; price reasonable; terms easy.

No. (402.) FOR SALE—60 acres timbered land; near the railroad; in Washington county; price, $550. Apply to STITZEL & UPTON.

No. (401.) FOR SALE, by Stitzel & Upton, a small homestead, situated in Washington county, containing 42½ acres; all in cultivation; choice land; small frame house and log barn; all under fence; 3½ miles from Hillsboro; 14 miles from Portland; school near by; price $2,250.

No. (400.) 410 ACRE FARM for sale, located 6 miles south of Forest Grove, in Washington county, immediately on the line of the Oregon Central Rail Road. 330 acres under fence; 250 acres in cultivation; choice land; 80 acres of beaver dam land; easily cleared; house and barn; improvements not very good; plenty of running water; price $10,250; half cash; balance secured by mortgage; interest 10 per cent.

No. (407.) For sale by STITZEL & UPTON, a choice IMPROVED FARM, situated on the Willamette river, 20 miles above Oregon City, in Marion county, containing 695 acres; 200 acres in good cultivation; 200 acres more of open swale land; good wood yard and ferry privilege; fine orchard; frame house and barn; also log house and barn; large warehouse on the river; 125 acres of choice timber. Price, $6,660, on easy terms.

No. (408.) For sale by STITZEL & UPTON, a GOOD GRAIN AND STOCK FARM, containing 270 acres, situated on the Salem Prairie; 60 acres in good cultivation; balance timber and open brush land; situated 3½ miles east of Salem, and about the same distance from the Fair grounds; good orchard and a large stock range near by. Terms, reasonable.

No. (288.) 640 ACRE TRACT. A fine stock farm for sale, situated on the county road leading from Oregon City to Salem; one-half mile to school house; 3 miles to church; 5 miles to the railroad; all under good fence; about 160 acres in cultivation; large frame house well furnished; two large barns; shelter for 100 head of cattle good orchard; 300 acres of choice bottom land. Price, $6,700. Terms, easy.

Anticipate the Railroad.

No. (399)—A FINE FARM for sale in Polk county, containing 400 acres—325 acres smooth, open prairie, rich black soil; balance of the land scattering oak timber and brush; good frame dwelling house—the orchard and plenty of shrubbery; a number of fine springs on the place; about 70 acres in cultivation; a good well of water. Situated near Dallas, in Polk county. Price reasonable, terms easy.

No. (496.) 586 acres CHOICE FARM, situated on the Willamette river in Clackamas Co., known as BOONE'S FERRY; distant from Portland 16 miles on the Boone's Ferry road; 80 acres in cultivation; 80 acres of choice beaver dam land, about 40 acres of which is in meadow; two frame houses, one new; three barns, all good, besides all other out-buildings necessary to a farm; 80 acres of choice timber on the place; balance of the land easily cleared. The above farm is one of the best located in the State, and is now offered for the first time, together with the ferry privilege, boats, etc., with an income therefrom of $2,000 per year. Price reasonable; terms easy; school-house on the place.

No. (405.) 800 ACRE CHOICE FARM for sale; only 14 miles northwest of Portland, in Washington county; 450 acres in a high state of cultivation; balance of the land easily cleared; a large amount of open swale land; 25 acres of beaver-dam; the improvements on the place are all of the very best; large, new frame house, two frame barns; good orchard. The above desirable farm is located in one of the best counties in Oregon; situated so near Portland, the commercial city of the State, the land must in a very short time become valuable; lays on the public road leading from Portland to Centerville; school house on the place; church near by. Terms, one-half cash; balance, easy terms, with interest at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum.

A NUMBER OF CHOICE IMPROVED FARMS for sale, well located, situated in Yamhill county. Apply to STITZEL & UPTON.

270 ACRE TRACT OF CHOICE LAND for sale, near the town of Cornelius, in Washington county, mostly unimproved. Price reasonable, terms easy. Apply to STITZEL & UPTON.

5,000 ACRES OF CHOICE LANDS for sale, in lots to suit purchasers, partly improved, situated in Clackamas county. Prices reasonable, terms easy. Apply to STITZEL & UPTON.

(No. 410.) 160 ACRE FARM FOR SALE, only 10 miles west of Portland, immediately on the line of the railroad; two miles from Beaverton depot; all choice land; 125 acres in good cultivation; good farm house; (inferior barn); fences good; running water on the place; good orchard; plenty of good timber. Price, $10,000—one half cash, balance secured by mortgage.

31½ ACRE TRACT for sale, 3 miles east of East Portland on the Base Line Road, a few acres in cultivation—Box House—Price and terms Reasonable.

5,000 ACRES OF UNIMPROVED LAND for sale in Washington county, six miles from the railroad. Price, from $3½ to $5 per acre. Apply to STITZEL & UPTON. fe2dtf

To Let.

To Rent.

TWO NEW HARD-FINISHED SMALL HOUSES, in perfect order. Large Cellars, Good Closets—ten minutes walk from this office and good sidewalks, on B street. ONLY $30 EACH. fe8dtf ATKINSON & WOODWARD.

Furnished Rooms to Let.

A FEW PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT at jl8d1m N. E. COR. FIRST & COLUMBIA STS.

For Sale.

For Sale or Rent.

A HOUSE AND AN ORCHARD OF ONE ACRE, AT Milwaukie. Apply to JOHN SELLWOOD, ja26d1m Milwaukie.

Boiler and Engine for Sale.

THE HANDSOME TABLE ENGINE NOW IN USE in this office is offered for sale, low. The boiler is a nearly new one, made in this city. They are put out of use because not of sufficient capacity for our growing business. They can be seen in use for a few weeks. H. L. PITTOCK.

Real Estate

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

ANDERSON, SHELBY & ARNOLD,

Second door, cor. First and Alder Sts,

WILL GIVE THEIR ATTENTION TO THE PURchase and sale of Real Estate.

Negotiate Loans on first mortgages.

The renting of buildings and collection of rents.

Collecting notes and amounts.

Special attention given to drawing deeds and mortgages, searching of records, and taking acknowledgments.

A. D. SHELBY, LEVI ANDERSON
P. M. ARNOLD, Notary Public.
Jan23d1f

LITTLE HOMES!

WE HAVE OBTAINED MANY TESTIMONIALS, which appear in the WEEKLY OREGONIAN, for the purpose of answering once for all the many inquiries in relation to our "LITTLE HOMES." We desire to show to strangers, through men of known integrity in this community that they are all we claim for them—cheap at present prices, and the speculation in them sure in the future growth of Portland, in the building of Railroads, and Bridges over the Willamette—which is merely a question of time—and in the fact that in less than one mile distant, City Blocks (200 feet square) are selling for from two to three thousand dollars, and in less than two-and-a-half miles (on a direct line) blocks are selling as high as $200,000 per block! Just think of it! $50 per acre for land, and 2½ miles distant, $200,000 per acre! New York city is over twenty miles in length and six miles wide, and many cities in the United States are half that long, and quite as wide, and if Portland becomes a metropolis she will require this land for business purposes. Thirty years ago we could have purchased a section of land where the business portion of Chicago now stands for $10 per acre—$50 for a five acre tract. Thirty years ago we could have purchased the town site of Portland for a Cayuse pony—*but we didn't have the pony!* Twenty years ago a military individual, with neither money nor friends, found himself in Portland without a red. He purchased a basket "on tick," and filled it with oranges, on the same terms, and went to peddling. Twenty long, eventful years have since elapsed. Still that sturdy old pioneer has stuck to Portland, and worked his way through thick and thin; and *now* where do you think he is!—*in the poor house; and owes for the basket!* But to our

TEN-ACRE TRACTS!

The land is level—some timbered and some nearly clear—its altitude about the same as Portland—good roads—never overflows, and the price is regulated by the quality of the soil and the distance from the city.

1 ACRES:

Five-acre tracts, 1½ miles SE of East Portland..$250@300
" " 4 " " " $75 00
Ten-acre tracts, 4 " East of " 200 00

PAYMENTS—On each tract, $25 down—balance in monthly installments of $10 each, with interest.

☞ We Sell Land, Buy Land, Collect Claims, Pay Taxes (for other folks), Negotiate Loans, Rent Houses, Collect Rents, Insure Property, and Pay Strangers' Bills when we can get the money. Call at our office, or if at a distance, address

DeLASHMUTT & OATMAN,
Real Estate Agents, No. 62 Front St.,
ja10d1awtf Portland, Oregon.

REAL ESTATE!

ATKINSON & WOODWARD,

Corner of Alder and Front Sts.,

HAVE FOR SALE

IMPROVED & UNIMPROVED LANDS

In Oregon and Washington Territory.

ALSO,

Choice City Property

consisting of

LOTS, BLOCKS, HOUSES AND LOTS. ALSO, SOME Desirable Suburban Tracts of Land, in lots to suit the purchaser.

House Rented, Rents Collected, and Loans Negotiated.

TYLER WOODWARD. J. L. ATKINSON,
jl3dtf Notary Public.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS.

S. SHERLOCK & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Saddles, Harness,

SADDLERY HARDWARE

Hill's Concord Stage and Buggy Harness, &c., &c.

SALE ROOMS.—No. 61 Front St and No 62 First St., Portland.

☞ 150 doz. assorted TEAM COLLAR on hand. dcm2p

J. B. CONGLE & CO

98 FRONT STREET, PORTLAND

Between Washington and Alder Sts., East Side

SADDLERY, HARDWARE

Saddles, Bridles,

WHIPS AND HARNESS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
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CORBETT FAILING & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO

HENRY FAILING AND H. W. CORBETT & CO.,

IMPORTERS OF AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY,

MECHANICS' TOOLS,

IRON and STEEL,

ROPE, ETC., ETC.

Agents for the Sale of

DUPONT'S GUNPOWDER.

Nos. 53 & 55 Front St.,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

Portland, January 2, 1871. ja2dtf

CORKS! CORKS!

PICKINGS.

Sundry journals are discussing the question: "Can we cultivate rain?" Doubtful, says the New York *Post*, but we can raise thunder."

Purchaser—"K-a-t-l is not the way to spell 'cattle.'" Drover (writing the receipt)—Nasebody could spoil wi' this pen, there's been ore drucken bodies using it!"

A Chinese thus describes a trial in the English law courts: "One man is quite silent, another talks all the time, and twelve wise men condemn the man who has not said a word.

"Well, Judge," said a friend to the President of a Paris court under the Empire, "did you condemn many to death at your session to-day?" "Three, and I don't hesitate to say that two of them deserved it."

Charlotte Cushman gets $1,000 for an evening's readings in Chicago, and they offered Henry Ward Beecher $2,000 for a lecture. They've lately been burned out over in Chicago or they would have paid more.

Don Piatt says that humorist Browne (Artemus Ward) stole all of his jokes from a real showman named Ward, with whom he traveled as a doorkeeper. Don Piatt is also a humorist, but it will occur to many what a pity it is that Don hadn't an opportunity to travel as a doorkeeper with some equally gifted showman.

Joseph B. Lyman, agricultural editor of the New York *Tribune*, is dead. We caution our readers in the agricultural districts against the too excessive manifestation of joy over the event. It was *not* this unhappy man who wrote the batch of inspiriting essays known as "What I Know about Farming." Don't grieve over the wrong man.

The Baggage Jumper.—A gentleman who is rather given to story telling relates the following:

When I was a young man I spent several years in the South, residing for a while in Fort Hudson on the Mississippi river. A great deal of litigation was going on there about that time, and it was not always an easy matter to obtain a jury. One day I was summoned and tried to be excused.

On my name being called, I informed the Honor the Judge that I was not a freeholder, and therefore not qualified to serve.

"I am stopping for the time being at Fort Hudson."

"You board at the hotel I presume?"

"I take my meals, but have rooms in another part of the town, where I lodge."

"So you keep bachelor's hall?"

"Yes, sir."

"How long have you lived in that manner."

"About six months."

"I think you are qualified," gravely remarked the Judge; "for I have never known a man to keep bachelor's hall the length of time you name who had not dirt enough in his room to make him a freeholder! The Court does not excuse you."

Our Foreign Population.—Mr. De Bow, after great labor, fixes the number of foreigners and their descendants at 11,112,662, and of white Americans, descended from residents in the country in 1790, at 22,323,983. The population tables of the ninth census partially confirm the correctness of these results. Table 4 gives 10,892,015 as the number of inhabitants having one or both parents of foreign birth, while the number of foreign born is but 5,557,946. Mr. De Bow's number, is perhaps 5 million in excess. Twenty years ago by the census of 1850, the whole foreign born population numbered but 2,244,602, but the increase has been very large since 1850.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Thursday Evening, Feb. 8, 1872.

Gold in New York, 110¾.

Portland Legal Tender quotations, 90c buying and 91c selling.

Exchange on San Francisco, ¼@¾ per cent. premium; on New York, 1½ per cent. Telegraphic transfers on New York, 1½@1¾ per cent.

Our home finance still exhibit unusual stringency for this season of the year. Only regular bank customers obtain accommodation. Last month there was withdrawn from circulation by Gallatin, Hays, etc., on NEW large amount for us. Duff alone amounted to over $45,000. This stringency is one of the most conclusive evidences that can be produced that our banks should increase their capital. It may be said that the temporary blockade of the Upper Columbia has caused the present stringency. To a certain extent we will admit it has, but on the other hand it must be conceded that the direct shipments are increasing, and every year will now a material improvement in our commercial relations of our merchants are not blind to their own interests. Any direct impositions will create a better demand for money, and cause, together with increased demand in the directions, a confirmed stringency unless the banks increase their capital, or our merchants adopt some method to relieve the money market.

The steamship *California* arrived last night from Victoria and Sound ports. A copy of her manifest can be found below.

The N. P. T. Company smashes the *Idaho* for San Francisco on the 10th at 4 P. M., and the *California* for Victoria and Sound ports on the 13th at 4 P M.

The bark *Chetco* under tow of the tug *Merrimac* was passed at Martin's Dists this afternoon, bound up.

The new schooner built at Tillamook for the trade between here and that place, arrived at Astoria last night.

The steamship *Constitution*, of the Pacific Mail Steamship Co.'s line, arrived in San Francisco Feb. 2d from Panama, having on over 6,000 bags of the new crop of Central American Coffee.

Recent arrivals of Nails in San Francisco aggregate 15,000 kegs. Five or six thousand of these were for our own furniture. They should have been shipped direct to this port without paying tribute to San Francisco.

The telegraph quotes Wheat in Liverpool at 12s 4d.

Retail Family Market.

The following are the prices at which the principal articles of subsistence are held by our Retail Dealers:

MEATS.		POULTRY.	
Beef, per lb	15@17½c	Chickens, per pair	75@1 00
Veal, per lb	15@20c	Ducks, per pair	75@1 00
Mutton, per lb	15@20c	Geese, each	75@1 00
Pork, per lb	15@20c	Turkeys, per lb	20@25c
Sausages, per lb	20c	Venison, per lb	10@12½c
Hams, per lb	20c	Tongues, each	50c
Bacon, per lb	20c	Corned Beef, per lb	15c
Lard, per lb	20c	Pigs' Feet, per set	25c
Spare Ribs, per lb	15c	Tripe, per lb	10c
Sausage Meat, per lb	20c	Liver, per lb	15c
Pig Pork, per lb	15@20c	Head Cheese, per lb	15c

FISH.		CANNED GOODS	
Salmon, per lb	15@20c	Oysters, 1 lb cans	2 50
Halibut, per lb	15@20c	do 2 lb cans	2 50
Cod, per lb	10@15c	Lobsters, 1 lb cans	2 75
Flounders, per lb	10@15c	do 2 lb cans	3 75
Smelts, per lb	10@15c	Sardines, ½ tins	4 50
Herring, per lb	10@15c	do ¼ tins	5 00
Shad, per lb	10@15c	Clams	4 00
Trout, per lb	10@15c	Lobsters, 2lb cans	3 50
Perch, per lb	10@15c	Peas, 2lb cans	3 75
Catfish, per lb	10@15c	Beans, 2lb cans	3 50
Sturgeon, per lb	10@15c	Tomatoes, 2lb cans	2 00@2 75
Eels, per lb	10@15c	Peaches, 2 lb cans	4 00@4 50
Flounders, per lb	10@15c	Pine-apples, 2lb cans	4 00@4 50
Smelts, per lb	10@15c	Strawberries, "	4 50@5 00
Herring, per lb	10@15c	Whortleberries, "	3 75@4 75
Shad, per lb	10@15c	Pine-apples, 1 lb cans	3 50@4 00
Trout, per lb	10@15c	Jellies, in tins	3 00@3 50
Perch, per lb	10@15c	Jams, in tins	4 00@3 00

GROCERIES.		LIQUORS, etc.	
Coffee, ground	per lb.	Brandy	per gal.
do green C. R.	23@25	Whiskey	per gal.
do do Rio	20@23	Port Wine	per gal.
do do Java	30@35	Sherry Wine	per gal.
Sugar, crushed	18	Madeira Wine	per gal.
do pulverized	18	Claret Wine	per gal.
do granulated	18	Champagne	30@40 00
do Yellow	14@15	Hock	3 00@3 50
do Island No. 1	14@15	Sherry Brandy	3 00@3 50
do do No. 2	10@11	Madeira Brandy	3 00@3 50
Molasses, Cuba	60@65	Cognac Brandy	3 00@3 50
Candles, sperm	37@37½	Old Tom Gin	2 50@3 00
do Paraffine	35@37	Holland Gin	2 50@3 00
do Sperm	62	Old Rye Whiskey	2 50@3 00
Oil, Kerosene	50@52	Bourbon Whiskey	2 50@3 00
Syrup, Golden	per gal. $1 00	Scotch Whiskey	2 50@3 00
Tea	per lb.	Irish Whiskey	2 50@3 00
Gunpowder	$1 25@1 50	Domestic Whiskey	1 75@2 00
Imperial	1 37½@1 75	Alcohol	per gal.
Young Hyson	1 25@1 75	Wine	per gal.
Hyson	1 00@1 25	Ale	per gal.
Eng. Breakfast	1 00@1 25	Lager	per gal.
Japan	1 00@1 25		

PROVISIONS, ETC.		NUTS.	
Butter—Choice	35@37½	Almonds	per lb. 40@50
do Family	45@50	Walnuts	10@20
do Dairy	45@50	Brazil	25@30
Cheese	20@25	Filberts	25
Lard, country	16	Peanuts	20@25
do city	20@22	Pecan	30@35
do Sugar-cured	20@25	Chestnuts	25@37
Shoulders	13@15	Hickory	25
Bacon, Clear Sides	14		
do Breakfast	16@17		
Lard			
Pure Leaf, in tins	18@20		
Good, in tins	16@18		
In bulk	14@15		
Honey, Yellow Comb	25		
do White	30		
Eggs, per doz	35@40		

FLOUR, ETC.		GAME.	
Flour	per sack.	Ducks	per pair. 62½ 75
Fancy brands	$1 87½	Geese	75
Choice	1 62½@1 75	Swan	2 00
Common	1 50	Grouse	75
Graham, Corn	1 75@1 87½	Pheasants	75
Corn Meal, Cal	61	Venison	per lb. 10@12½
do Oregon	4 65		
Feed	25	FISH.	
Middlings	30	Pacific Cod	per lb. 12
Shorts	30	Sturgeon	6
Chop Feed	30	Salmon	8@10
Barley	2 00@2 50	Dessicated Cod	10
Oats	2 50@3 00	Mackerel, ½ Kit	2 50@4 50
Corn	1 75@2 00	Fresh Oysters	per 100 75

VEGETABLES.		FRUITS.	
Potatoes	per sack. $1 00@1 25	Apples, dried	per lb. 10@12½
Onions	per lb. 3	do choice cans	18@25
Carrots	per lb. 3	Quinces	12@15
Turnips	per lb. 2½	do choice cans	20
Garlic	per lb. 12	Peaches, dried	10@12½
Parsnips	per lb. 3	do choice cans	20
Beets	per lb. 3	Apricots	per lb. 12@15
Cabbages	per lb. 2½	do choice cans	20
Beets	per doz. 90@1 00	Plums	per lb. 12@15
Onions	per doz. 12½@1 50	do choice cans	20
Carrots	per doz. 2 00@2 50	Peaches, dried	10@12½
Turnips	per doz. 2 00@2 50	do choice cans	20
Cauliflower	per doz. 2 00@2 50	Pears, dried	10@12½
		do choice cans	20
		Figs	per lb. 20
		Raisins	per box 2 50@3 00
		Currants	per lb. 12½
		Prunes	per lb. 12½

WEEKLY MARKET REVIEW.

Produce Market.

BREAD—Quotable, Soda, 7½c; Picnic, 7½c; Butter, 7½c; Jenny Lind, 11½c; Gingersnaps, 11½c; Pilot, excess, 6c; Medium, 5½c; Navy, 4½c.

WHEAT—The market for the week under review has been very languid. Under more favorable news from San Francisco, giving an advance in that market of from 10 to 15 cents ₱ 100 lbs, holders are demanding more, but shippers are only offering $1 80 ₱ cental, sacked and delivered. Millers, however, are offering for small lots of choice from $1 90 to $2 05 ₱ cental, sacked and delivered at mills, or 15 cents less in bulk without sacks. We are unable to learn of any sales to us grade during the week, although offers have been made. One large firm that has purchased the bulk of the surplus, is shipping to once on hand, about 20,000 centals, to San Francisco, in order to market it at the improved prices now ruling. The steamer *Oriflamme* on her last passage to San Francisco did not take any out. The *Idaho*, with the present volume of water in the river, will probably take on several hundred tons, unless too much flour is offering. The *Commercial Herald* of February 2d says: The crop question for 1872 being measurably settled by a rainfall of 21¾ inches—being a full average for an entire season—farmers at once released their grasp upon Wheat and other grains, dropping prices within the reach of exporters. Purchases during January were of considerable importance, and that upon a falling market, hastened by the decline at Liverpool, which latter was quite unlooked for by our people, the country being generally expected by the trade and leading holders. The result has been a decided advance in freights and a corresponding decline in the prices of Flour and grain. The total purchases of Wheat thus secured have been of considerable importance, but at date offerings are less free, with an unwillingness on the part of many farmers holding large crop parcels to sell at current rates.

FLOUR—The market has exhibited no animation beyond local requirement. The steamship *Cassia Telfair* took out for Hilo and Honolulu 115 bbls, mostly brands of second quality. The mills are not running to full capacity, but stocks are very large both here and in the interior, which, with the light demand now ruling, will necessitate further shipments to San Francisco to work off the surplus. Advices from San Francisco state that the stock of Oregon in warehouse there is computed at 50,000 bbls, and that the large supply on hand depresses the Wheat market. The millers will not purchase grain and manufacture Flour without first finding a buyer for the product. From a private Grain Circular, intended for distribution in England, issued by a leading firm in San Francisco, we clip the following: "Receipts from Oregon have been unusually heavy, and the decline in Wheat has forced millers to make further concessions. We quote superfine, $3 80@4; extra superfine, $3 75, and baker's family extra, $4 20@4 37½ ₱ 196 lbs in bags." These prices are for cargo lots. We can hear of no change in this market, excepting to-day it exhibits less firmness. We quote jobbing lots as follows: Standard brands at $4 75@5 bbl; choice country, $5@5 50; superfine, $5 50@6; outside brands extra, $6@6 25.

OATS—The supply is large with demand fair under an active local requirement. We are informed that a large holder at Cornelius Station, in Washington county, disposed of his stock to a dealer here about three weeks ago, which was only delivered during the past week. We note a shipment to Hilo by barque during the week of 500 sks, at current rates. Reports from the country are conflicting, so much so that it is impossible to obtain correct information. Some claim that there are sufficient in hands of speculators, to warrant them in the belief that they can, or with stock now here, to meet demand until harvest; others think there is not. Prices in San Francisco remain weak and dull at $1 07½@1 20 ₱ cental, sacked. Delivered here at the store are to exceed $2 25 ₱ cental. Dealers are paying $2 20@2 30, jobbing at $2 50 ₱ cental, sacked.

BARLEY—Brewers are well supplied for present wants. We quote prices nominally at $2 15@2 25 ₱ cental.

HAY—The supply is equal to the demand. The way in which some of our farmers have of bringing in Hay loose, unbound to strike, should be discontinued, as it places them at the mercy of purchasers. They should bring it in baled, and if unable to sell at current rates then they could put it in hands of commission houses to be sold at current rates, which will not have the effect to break the market but will give to him better prices. Dealers are offering for choice timothy baled, $20@22 ton; other qualities, $22@25; loose commands $20@25 ₱ ton, but a few loads sand prices down.

SEED—The surplus being shipped off allows of closer sales being made, the market at this writing is firm at $2 25 ₱ bu for Brown; $35@45 ₱ ton for Middlings, Shorts, etc.

FLAX SEED—The Pioneer Oil Factory purchased, so we are informed, all that the Pacific Oil Works of San Francisco had in this market. We are unable to learn the price paid.

POTATOES—Supply in excess of demand. We quote market at $1 @1 10 ₱ 100 lbs.

APPLES—Fruit are in liberal supply with surplus being marketed in San Francisco. The large shipments have given more time to the market with sales made during the week in advance on former quotations. We note a sale on the 5th of 100 bxs to a dealer at 20c ₱ bx. We quote range of market in jobbing lots as per quality and condition at 50@67½c ₱ bx.

ONIONS—We quote market at $2 50@2 75 per 100lbs.

EGGS—Have fluctuated during the week at from 35@ 40c ₱ doz. As the price is regulated by the supply it is impossible to give reliable quotations.

BUTTER—Market quotable weak at 30@40c ₱ lb in rolls from fair to choice in jobbing lots; other qualities in proportion.

PROVISIONS—Stocks large with demand very light and low prices ruling in California, not allowing our exporting at present, although it is claimed by our exchange that with the opening of spring trade prices will advance. Price here nominal. Holders are firm in demanding our quotations but no sales are effected beyond light sale to local dealers with no improvement in demand looked for at present. We quote: Hams, in jobbing lots for Bacon, 14½; Hams, 15@15½c; Shoulders, 10½@ 11½c; Lard, in tins, 14@16c, in kegs, 13@14c; Johnson's brew, 16c; Keller's, 16c. Pork, in bbls, $22. Beef, in bbls, $18.

FRESH MEATS—We quote market firm for Beef at 8c per ₱ Pork, on foot, 4½@5c; dressed, 8@9c; Sheep, 4@5 per head.

HIDES—Quotable at 17@18½c for dry; 8@9 for salted.

TALLOW—Quotable at 3@3½c ₱ lb.

WOOL—Market bare.

SEEDS—We quote market for Timothy, 12½@14c ₱ lb; Clover, red, 24@25c ₱ lb; white, 90@91c; Orchard, Grass, 37@39c ₱ lb; Blue Grass, 60@75c ₱ lb.

BEANS—We quote market in jobbing lots: Bayo, 4½c ₱ lb; Butter, 4½c ₱ lb; Pea, 4½c ₱ lb; Small White, 4c ₱ lb; Pink, 4c ₱ lb.

POULTRY—Quotable for Hens and Roosters, $4 50@5 00 ₱ doz.; Turkeys, $18@20 ₱ doz; Geese, $9 50@10 50 ₱ doz; Ducks, $8@8 ₱ dozen.

General Merchandise.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS—Gray's plow, Pilot patent, $60; Sulky, $80; Eureka, $80. Buckeye Grain Drill, 9 hoe, $120; 10-hoe, $125. Plows, Collin's cast cast steel, $20; Molding cast steel, $15; Moline Breaker, $45; Moline Clipper, $10@50; Peoria Clipper, $11 50; Burley Clipper, $14 50. Older Mills—Junior Buckeye, $35.00; Hatchin's $27 50; Hickox, $80. Grant's Fanning Mills, $40@47 50. Mitchell and Bain Wagons, complete, $105@ $135.

ALCOHOL—Quotable in bbls $2 05@2 10 ₱ gal., in cases, $2 20 @2 25.

BAGS AND BAGGING—Quotable for standard size, 14@16c as per quality and quantity; Flour Sacks, 16@18c; Burlap, per yard, 12@15c. We note a sale to-day by a leading importer, of a round lot (27,000) of Grain Bags; terms reserved.

BUILDING MATERIAL—Local demand dull at prices ranging, for rough lumber, $12@14; dressed, $22 @30; flooring, $24@28; lath, $3 per M; shingles, $2 50; Eastern hardwood, 17@20c per foot.

BROOMS—Quotable at $3@5 50.

CANNED GOODS—Oysters $2 75@3; Jams and Jellies, $a 75@5; Los Angelos Honey, $4 50; Strawberries, $4; Raspberries, $4; Blackberries, $4; Pine Apple, $3 50; Green Gages, $3 75@4; Peaches, $a 2@2 50; Pie Fruit, $2@3 50; Green Peas, $2 50; Green Beans, $2 50; Lobsters, $8 50@3 75; Clams, $4; Green Corn, $2 75@3; Tomatoes, $2 50@2 75.

CANDLES—We quote market firm at 10@22c, full weight; light weight 13@15c.

COFFEE—Market well sustained at the following jobbing prices: Costa Rica and Guatemala, 22@22½c; Rio and Manila, 21@21½c; Java, 27½@30c. J. F. Jones & Co.'s Ground Java, 27½c; Chorizo, 25c; Phœnix mix Premium, 20@22c.

CRANBERRIES—Eastern jobbing at $20 ₱ bbl of 36 gallons each.

CEMENT—Acme, New Jersey, $2; Atlas, $4 50; Calcine Plaster, $5; Land Plaster, $2 75; Santa Cruz Lime, $2 75; San Juan Lime, $2 75.

DRY GOODS—Standard, drills, 16@16½c; seconds, 15c; sheeting, light, 11½c; medium, 12½c; heavy, 14@15c; house lining, 9@9½c; bleached sheeting, 9½ 0.10c; do, ¾, 10¼@10½c; do, 4-4, 13@25c; cotton checks, 15@28c; linen checks, 18@25c; cambrics, 10c; cotton flannel, bleached, 12½@20c; do, brown, 12½@20c. Satinets, Oregon, light, 20@25c; do, heavy, 27@40c. Doeskins, 14@24c. Hickory stripes, 14@22c. Standard prints, 11½c; seconds, do, 9c. Delaines, 18@20c. Linseys, 20@30c. Ticks, 12½ 14@28c. Denims, 20@30c. Boot duck, 24c. Table linen, damask, brown, 34@50c; damask bleached, 40@81. Doyer linen, 30@37½c. Sacks, seamless, 25@30c. Alpaca, black, 25@75c. Waterproof, $1 10@1 25. Crash 10@15c.

DRUGS—Quotable in jobbing lots for Alum, bbls, 6c; Borax, 33½@35½c; Blue Vitrol, 13@15c; Potash Gum 2, Balsam, Piccz, $2 50; Resin, bbl, 18@12, Saltpetre, Kegs, 9@25c; Sulphur, $3@3 50.

FRUITS (dried) AND PRESERVES—Apples, 5½@6c; packed, 9@47c; Peaches, 12½@15c; Hungarian Prunes, 17@18c. Figs, pitted, 16@17c; Raisins, new crop, in box, $5 50; half do, $2 quarter and eighth boxes, $1@1 50; Zante Currants, 16c; Oregon do, 10@12c. Citron, 65c.

FISH—Cod, Pacific, 6½@8c; Eastern, 12½c; Dessicated Cod, ₱ lb, 25c; Hyerian Cod, (a new preparation), 20c; Mackerel, No. 1, ₱ bbl, $12; do No 2, $11 50; do, No. 3, $10; do No. 2, $2 75; Salmon, pickled, bf bbl, $5 50; do, bbl, $3@3 50; Sardines, qrs, $3 25; bx, $4 25.

LIQUORS—We quote Hennessy and Martel brandy, $5 per gallon; Scotch whisky, $4; genuine Cutter whisky, $3 25@4; per case, $12; Kentucky Bourbon, $1 75@2 75; Holland gin, cases 15 bottles, $18@18; Old Tom gin, $10.

METALS—We quote market for jobbing lots for Pig, Scotch and English pig ₱ ton, $37 50@40; refined bar, ₱ lb, 6c; Sheet 14 to 20, 8c; do 24 to 27, 9½c. Copper—Sheathing, ₱ lb, 33c; do Yellow, 40c; do bronzed tinned, 47½c; do sold, 16c. Tin plates—Plates charcoal, 13 per box, $15; do IC char, $13; Roofing Plates, $12 25; Banca Tin slabs ₱ lb, 36c. Steel—English cast steel ₱ lb 18c. Lead—Pig, ₱ lb 10c; Sheet 12c; Pipe 13. Bar 12@12½. Zinc—Sheets ₱ lb 14c. Rabbit metal, 20@40. Quicksilver, 65c cash.

NAILS—Quotable, 10 to 60d, per keg, $5 25; 8d 25c ₱ keg advance; 6d, 50c per keg advance; 4d and 5d, 75c per keg advance; 3d fine, $3 50 per keg; no fence, 50c per keg advance on same size common nails; box nails, 75 per keg advance.

OREGON WOOLEN GOODS—We quote jobbing rates for Blankets—White, No. 1 extra, $14; No. 1, $13; No. 2, $11 75; No. 3, $6 50; Grey, No. 1, $10 50; No. 2, $7 50; No. 3, $7 50; No. 4, $6 50. Vicuna, $9 75; Scarlet, Green, No. 2, $9 50; No. 3, $7 50. Blue, No. 2, $7 50; No. 3, $7 50. Scarlet, No. 2, $11 50; No. 3, $9. Flannelings, $10 00@12 00. White Flannels, 50@60c; plain assorted colored, 60c; Twilled assorted colored, 50@60c; Blue mixed, 50@60c; Fancy checked, 50c; Hand stocs, $1 10; Doeskins, $1 25@1 75; Fancy Cass, $1 12@1 50; Tweeds, 95c@$1; Yarns, $1 25@1 75.

OILS—We quote in our market in jobbing lots for Boyer's, 45@48c; Downer's, 75@85c; extra light, 43@45c; China Nut, 72½@75c; Lard, in cases extra, $1 25; No 1, $1 10; in barrels, extra, $1 10; No. 1, $1; Castor, $1 75@1 80; Machine, 35c@$1 15; Linseed, $1 05 for Boiled.

PAPER—Market well supplied with Clackamas.

PAINTS—We quote market in jobbing lots for Averill's chemical per gal, $4 75; Atlantic, 12½@13; Bartlett, 11 @13; North River, 11; Greenback, 10½; Horsh zinc white, 16; Dover's zinc white, 12; Lamplack, $2@2 50; @60; Germantown, 45@50c; ordinary, 25@30; Venetian red, 6@8; Haxer Ochre, 5@7; red lead, 12@13; Litharge, 10@11; first prem, 60@ cents.

POWDER—Market is firm at $5 25 ₱ Keg in jobbing lots.

RICE—In jobbing lots: No. 1, 9½c; No. 2, 8@8½c. Table, 10@11½c.

ROPE—Market firm at 20c ₱ lb in jobbing lots.

SALMON—Canned spiced, 2 lb, $3 50 per box; fresh, 2 lb, $2 75 ₱ lb, $2 50; hf bbls, $4 50@4 75; bbls, $8@10, fair to choice.

SALT—Liverpool, $2@$2 50 ₱ ton; common, $16@18.

SALERATUS—Agents' rates, 8½@11c.

SPICES—Market very firm. We quote jobbing prices for J. F. Jones & Co.'s, in glass: Pepper, Alspice, Ginger, and Sage, $1 60 ₱ doz.; Cinnamon, $2 ₱ lb. Ice 2½ and 5-lb tins, Pepper and Alspice, 30c ₱ lb; Mustard and Ginger, 35c; Cloves, 45c; Cinnamon, 40@70c.

STARCH—The agents' rates, with the usual discount off to the trade are for Pearl, 9½c; pure, 12-lb boxes 10½c; 1-lb papers, 11½c; silver gloss, 6-lb boxes, 12½c; 1-lb papers, 13c; corn, 1 lb papers, 13c.

SUGARS—The market is very firm for Island at 9¼@12¼c; Yellow and Golden C in bbls, 13½@ 13½c; in hf bbls ¼c higher; Crushed, 10c in bbls; in hf bbls 10½c; Powdered 15½@16½c. Market very firm.

SOAP—Quotable firm for K. Irving & Co's in jobbi2u lots at 9½@9c.

SYRUP—A fair demand exists at prices ranging from, in kegs, 9½@c@8½; hf bbls, 9@c; bbls, 9½@.

TEAS—Stocks on hand good, with demand dull at the following ranges: young hyson, $1@1 40 per lb; black, 80@$1 per lb; Japan, in papers, 65@75c per lb; lacquered box, 75c to 90c.

TURPENTINE—Quotable at $1@1 05 ₱ gal.

YEAST POWDERS—There is a fair call from the trade for J. F. Jones & Co.'s Quotable in jobbing lots at $22 50 ₱ gross; Donnelly's, $21@22; Preston & Merrill, $22 50 @24.

Daily Receipts of Produce.

Per *Senator*—12 bdls woolen goods, D B & Co; 1,217 sks wheat, S & F; 4 bxs eggs, A & L; 2 jars butter, S O N; 23 sks feed, W & L.

Per *R. C. Clarke*—35 pkgs stoneware; 84 sks feed, H S; 40 qr sks flour, J O'C; 40 qr sks flour, F & C; 40 qr sks flour, 22 sks feed, to order, 20 bxs apples, A & S, 47 sks feed, S & Co; 5 bxs eggs, 28 bxs apples, C & M; 135 bxs apples, L W & Co; 178 sks wheat, S & H; 80 qr sks flour, 66 sks bran J J M; 20 qr sks flour, P; 102 sks feed, S & D; 50 sks feed, B & L.

Per *O. & O. R. R.*—1 car sheep, A C; 200 bbls flour, 2 coops chickens, C & M; 600 bbls flour, C & C; 200 bbls flour, W & M; 250 sks wheat, H, F & Co; 400 bbls flour, 3 bxs eggs, E & D; 600 sks wheat, J L & Bro; 6 dressed hogs, J A; 2 bxs eggs, 2 pkgs dried apples, 1 coop chickens, 2 sks bacon, 5 bxs apples, 10 sks flour, A & L; 3 bxs apples, A M B; 9 bxs apples, Dr S; 2 pkgs mdse J; 1 bx mdse B & G; 1 bx eggs J McG & Co; 15 bdls printing paper, C F Mfg Co; 1 coop chickens, N G.

Shipping Intelligence.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 8.—Arrived—Bark *Almatia*, Columbia river.

Sailed—Bark *Ritvol*, Portland; Ship *Marmion*, Port Madison; bark *Helen W. Almy*, Portland.

IMPORTS.

Per steamship *Idaho*—6 cs alcohol; 24 cs axes; 11 pkgs agricultural implements; 12 pkgs books and stationery; 29 cs boots and shoes; 14 pkgs brandy; 1 bolt; 30 bales black wool; 1 case dry goods; 2 cs drugs; 10 bxs fancy goods; 33 cs bitters; 32 pkgs bolts; 30 bdls bleaching; 17 cs cigars; 13 cs chemicals; 617 bxs candles; 359 cs canned goods; 18 pkgs confectionery; 1 bbl cranberries; 18 castings; 4 bbls oatmeal; 22 pkgs carpets; 7 pkgs clocks, etc; 8 sks coffee; 7 pkgs dry goods; 39 pkgs drugs; 72 pkgs fruits, 30 pkgs dried fruits; 46 pkgs furniture; 2 pkgs gin; 8 bxs glass; 20 grind stones; 21 pkgs glassware; 19 bxs glue; 36 pkgs hardware; 2 pkgs iron; 3 pkgs ink; 1,300 bars iron; 155 bdls iron; 18 rolls leather; 4 bbls liquors; 7 cs lard; 84 pkgs mdse; 5 bbls and 3 hf bbls mackerel; 4 bxs mercerai; 2 bxs and 60 kgs nails; 40 bxs nuts; 42 sks onions; 6 bbls top onions; 12 cs oil; 11 cs olive oil; 21 cs, 2 bbls oil; 2 cs paper bags; 2 sks sweet potatoes; 20 cs and 1 bbl pickles; 1 bx and 2 cs paints; 22 bbls potash; 77 bxs raisins; 1 roll rope; 5 bf bbls, 15 bbls and 50 kgs sugar; 6 sewing machines; 26 pkgs spices; 135 bxs saleratus and soda; 20 bbls syrup; 4 sk seed; 85 bxs soap; 18 sks salt; 10 bxs sardines; 10 M shingles; 7 stoves; 3 bbls and 25 bars steel; 25 bxs, 2 pkgs tin; 4 pkgs tyes; 4 pkgs tinware; 26 pkgs tobacco; 4 pkgs tinware; 276 pkgs vegetables; 10 cs and 1 pkg pipe whisky; 7 cans and 1 cs wines; 15 pkgs woolen materials; 1 cs woolen wire; 5 bales wool; 5 cs yeast powders; 530 pkgs railroad materials; 2 cs extracts.

Per steamship *California*—9 bbls dogfish oil; 12 pkgs H H goods; 50 cs brandy; 48 bdls iron; 7 shs seed; 670 sks potatoes; 102 bales hay; 6 bdls pelts; 6 bdls furs and skins; 118 pcs building stone; 15 pkgs mdse; 9 bdls hides; 12 bxs herring.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamship *Idaho*—A A McG; A B S; A & R; A B & Co; A C; A & L; A L; A Y; A C; B & M; B F D; B Y & Co; B J & Co; do C; O & McK; C H C; H O; A M; C H W; B & Co; C H R; do; do; C & Co; C D & Co; C M C; C & Co; C D & Co; do; D B; D & Co; D Bros; D C; D & B; E & B; E M & Co; E & H; E & F; E L & Co; E T & Bro; E A B; E N & Co; E N; F G; F H; F Bros; F G; do F W F & A; G S; G & L; G A L; G & B; G F B; G H; H D & Co; H F; H M; H B; H & Co; H & McC; H C & O; H & S; I S K & Co; J A T; J K; J M; J A S; J & L; J F; J Kreamer & Co; J Kohn & Co; J T & Co; J G; Kridge, W & Co; J D; L G & C; L & McC; L & C; M & W; M C; do M; M & Co; M C; M F; N L N H; N & Co; O & Co; O R E Co; O H W; O & Co; P & Co; do O'C; Prof B; S & S A C; S J McC; S do K; S S; S G S; S & D; S W; Salem Mills; T C & C; T L T N; W B & E; W L H; W O & Sco; X.

Per steamship *California*—W J; M & Van F; K Bros; J & R; J McC & Co; H; O T Co; T R C, W H W; H L; W F & Co; S A; I & S; W S L; M D; C B; C & M; M P.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

The Republican County Convention for the county of Multnomah will be held at the Court House in the city of Portland, at 1 P. M. on Saturday the 9th day of March, 1872, for the purpose of electing twenty-four delegates to the Republican State Convention; to be held in Portland on the 20th day of March, 1872. The primary elections in the several precincts will be held on Saturday, March 2d, 1872, at the usual places of voting in said precincts, beginning at the hour of 1 P. M. of said day.

The several precincts will be entitled to delegates in such County Convention as follows:

North Portland	9	Madison	3
South Portland	9	Fulton	1
Central Portland	6	Multnomah	1
East Portland	7	Willamette	2
Washington	2	Sandy	2
Oregon	3	Powell's Valley	1
Couch	1	Sauvie's Island	1
		St. Johns	1

GEO. H. DURHAM,
Chairman Co. Committee.

NOTICE.

The Republican Central Committee for Clackamas County are requested to meet at the Court House in Oregon City on Wednesday, Feb. 14th, 1872, at 1 o'clock P. M., to appoint a day for the County Convention and apportion the delegates.

OWEN WADE, Chairman.

Oregon City, Feb. 6, 1872.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

A Republican State Convention for the State of Oregon will be held at the city of Portland at 11 A. M. on Wednesday the 20th day of March, 1872, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Member of Congress, six Delegates to the National Republican Convention to be held at Philadelphia, June 5th, 1872, three Presidential Electors, and for the transaction of such other business as may be thought proper.

The several counties will be entitled to delegates in such Convention, as follows:

Baker	6	Lane	13
Benton	11	Linn	17
Clackamas	14	Marion	21
Clatsop	4	Multnomah	24
Coos	5	Polk	9
Curry	3	Tillamook	2
Columbia	2	Umatilla	5
Douglas	13	Union	5
Grant	3	Washington	9
Jackson	10	Wasco	3
Josephine	3	Yamhill	12

The State Central Committee recommends that the several counties hold their primary elections on Saturday, March 2d, and their county conventions for selection of delegates to the State Convention, on Saturday, March 9th, 1872.

T. B. ODENEAL,
Chairman State Central Committee.
C. P. CRANDALL, Secretary.
SALEM, Feb. 1, 1872.

Samaritan Lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder Streets. Members of the order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Harmony Lodge, No. 13, A. F. & A. M.—Regular Communications on the Second and Fourth Monday evenings of each month. By order of the W. M.

Hassalo Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder Streets. Members of the order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

G. A. R.—**Baker Post No. 1**.—Regular meeting every Saturday evening at Nonpareil Hall, corner First and Madison sts. All comrades in good standing invited to attend. By order of

POST COMMANDER.

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